

English Language Institute

معهد اللغة الإنجليزية

King Abdul Aziz University

جامعة الملك عبد العزيز

External and Distance Learning
Affairs Unit
2013/2014

وحدة شئون الانتساب والتعليم عن بعد

1434 / 1435

ELCA 102

Practice Tests with Answer Key

نماذج اختبارات تدريبية لكل وحدات

المنهج مع نماذج الاجابات

Disclaimer

*These practice tests are designed to help you practice the main skills for this course but it **does not** substitute for the course books. Students should refer to their course books as the main source for the course content.*

*To practice listening, use the Workbook CD or visit the book's website:
<http://www.headwayplusonline.com>*

*To find all the needed information about the course syllabus, course description, vocabulary list, and some exam samples from previous years, go to the following link
http://eli.kau.edu.sa/Default.aspx?Site_ID=126&lng=EN then choose (External Students).*

تم تصميم هذه الاختبارات التدريبية لمساعدتك على التدريب على المهارات الرئيسية المطلوبة لهذه المنهج ولكنها لا تحل محل الكتب الدراسية، ويجب على الطالب الرجوع إلى الكتب كمصدر رئيسي لمحتوى الدورة.

للتدريب على مهارة الاستماع، يمكنك استخدام القرص المدمج (CD) المرفق بكتاب النشاط أو زيارة الموقع الكتاب الإلكتروني:
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يمكنك الحصول على أي معلومات عن وصف و مفردات المنهج أو قائمة المفردات الخاصة بكل وحدة أو نماذج اختبارات من سنوات سابقة عن طريق الرابط التالي
http://eli.kau.edu.sa/Default.aspx?Site_ID=126&lng=AR ثم اختيار (الانتساب و التعليم عن بعد).

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ELCA 102

Course Description

❖ Books/ Units:

➤ New Headway Plus (Special Edition)

Pre-intermediate

- Units: 3- 4- 5- 6- 7- 8- 9- 10- 11- 12

➤ New Headway Plus (Special Edition)

Intermediate

- Units: 3- 4- 5- 6- 7- 8- 9- 10- 12

Test 1

Unit 3 (Pre-intermediate)

Choose the correct answer

I. Vocabulary:

- 1- Did Sarah _____ you to her wedding?
a- invitation
b- invite
c- invited
d- invites

- 2- Mona is a very _____ girl.
a- beautiful
b- beauty
c- beautifully
d- beautify

- 3- You must _____ your handwriting.
a- improved
b- improve
c- improvement
d- improving
e-

- 4- A good Muslim should not be _____ polite.
a- in
b- il
c- im
d- un

- 5- Salim does not have a job. He is _____.
a- employer
b- employed
c- employment

d- unemployed

6- I _____ reading English books.

- a- enjoy
- b- explain
- c- help
- d- care

7- All the students like Ms. Amal. She is a very _____ teacher.

- a- lazy
- b- friendly
- c- dangerous
- d- impatient

8- Mona Zaki is a _____ actress. Everyone likes her films.

- a- guilty
- b- possible
- c- famous
- d- bad

9- You should be _____ when you drive your car at night.

- a- careful
- b- helpful
- c- important
- d- beautiful

10- Your room is _____. You must clear up that mess.

- a- tidy
- b- untidy
- c- unfair
- d- impolite

11- Writers use their _____ to write interesting stories.

- a- imagination
- b- enjoyment
- c- difference

d- organization

12- She could not find her passport because her room is completely_____.

- a- illegal
- b- messy
- c- impossible
- d- impolite

13- Shakespeare and Ernest Hemingway are _____ writers. They are known all over the world.

- a- careless
- b- explain
- c- famous
- d- guilty

14- The teacher _____ the points that were not clear and the students understood the lesson.

- a- explained
- b- had
- c- invited
- d- enjoyed

II. Grammar

1- I _____ arrive early yesterday.

- a- don't
- b- doesn't
- c- didn't
- d- done

2- Amna: When _____ you _____ to Cairo?

Mahasen: A year ago.

- a- did / travel
- b- did / travelled
- c- do / travel

d- does / travel

3- While I was cooking, the bell _____.

- a- ring
- b- rang
- c- ringing
- d- rung

4- It _____ when I woke up this morning.

- a- is raining
- b- rains
- c- were raining
- d- was raining

5- I _____ Suha while I _____ in London.

- a- was meeting / living
- b- met / was living
- c- met / live
- d- met / am living

6- What _____ at this time yesterday?

- a- you were doing
- b- were you doing
- c- did you doing
- d- are you doing

7- I met him _____ six yesterday.

- a- on
- b- at
- c- in
- d- of

8- Sarah and I _____ in the street when we _____ a little child crying.

- a- walked / were seeing
- b- walks / saw

c- were walking / saw

d- walking / seeing

9- What _____ from 6 to 8 yesterday?

a- did he do

b- was he doing

c- he did

d- he was doing

10- While he _____ his car, he _____ at the gas station.

a- was driving / stopped

b- drove / was stopping

c- drives / stopped

d- didn't drive / stop

11- _____ I was sitting in a meeting, my mobile rang.

a- Before

b- When

c- While

d- After

12- A: What _____ at 5 yesterday?

B: I was watching TV.

a- do you do

b- was doing

c- were you doing

d- did you do

13- We were having breakfast when she _____ into the room.

a- walked

b- walking

c- was walking

d- walks

Test 2

Unit 4 (Pre-intermediate)

I. Reading:

Read the following passage then answer the questions below

Passage 1

The Floating Markets of Bangkok

Bangkok, the capital of Thailand, is a city of contrasts. The tall glass buildings look like any other modern city. But behind them is a place where life hasn't changed for over 100 years - the canals. Built in 1866 by the King of Thailand, these canals are home to many Thai people who still live and work there today. There are four floating markets around Bangkok and the oldest and most popular is in the town of Damonen Saduak.

This market opens every day from 6.30 a.m. It's best to shop early and go by water taxi. After 9 a.m. the tourist buses arrive, and it's much too busy.

It's a colourful, noisy, fascinating place. Old ladies with huge hats sit in small boats, filled with tropical fruit and vegetables, fresh coconut juice and local food. Did you miss your breakfast? Then just call a seller for a bowl of hot soup. He'll get it from a cooker at the back of his boat!

But the boats don't just sell food. Would you like a traditional hat? A silk dress?

A flowered shirt? Then just call and point. After the noise and excitement of the market, continue along the canal. Soon you'll see the wooden houses, orchards, and floating flowers of the canal villages. It's a lovely, peaceful way to finish your trip.

1-Bangkok is a city of contrasts because _____.

- a- it has new buildings and old markets
- b- it has wooden houses and orchards
- c- it has old ladies who wear huge hats
- d- the boats do not just sell food

2- The canals were built by _____.

- a- Thai People
- b- the King of Thailand
- c- old ladies
- d- Damonen Saduk

3- What is the best way to go to the market?

- a- By plane.
- b- By train.
- c- In a water taxi.
- d- On the tourist bus.

4- In paragraph 3, line 3, the pronoun "He" refers to

_____.

- a- an old lady
- b- the King of Thailand
- c- a seller
- d- the market

5- Which one of the following statements is TRUE?

- a- The boats sell old clothes and huge hats.
- b- The boats sell hot soup and glass buildings.
- c- The boats sell cookers at the back of the boats.
- d- The boats sell local food and coconut juice.

Passage 2

A Perfect Day in Provence

Every Sunday in a small town called Isle-sur-Ia-Sorgue in southern France there is a truly amazing market. Isle-sur-Ia-Sorgue is like Venice.

The River Sorgue runs in and out of the old narrow streets and under the many bridges, and on market day every street and bridge is packed with stalls. From early morning, this sleepy little town becomes a noisy, busy place, with sellers calling to you in the accent of the south.

You can choose from an amazing selection of olives, hundreds of cheeses, and delicious roast chickens. But it is not just-a food market. Antique sellers fill the pavements with beautiful old French furniture, and there are tables covered with antique lace and cloth. Flower sellers invite you to pick from their brightly coloured bunches of flowers. The air is filled with the smell of soaps, herbs, and lavender, all made and grown in Provence. Do you need a sun hat? Did you forget your beach towel? Your choices are endless.

Travellers fill their backpacks with delicious things for Sunday lunch: olive bread, tomatoes, chicken, melon and, of course, a bottle of local mineral water. At 1 o'clock everything closes, and everyone goes home. Then it's time to find a cool place next to the river for a perfect picnic on a perfect day in Provence.

1- " Isle-sur-la-Sorgue" is the name of the _____.

- a- town
- b- river
- c- bridge
- d- street

2- The market opens from _____.

- a- the early morning until 1 o'clock
- b- 1 o'clock until the end of the day
- c- 1 o'clock until late in the evening
- d- early morning until after mid night

3- Antique sellers have _____.

- a- sun hats and beach towels
- b- soaps, herbs and lavender
- c- cheese and roast chicken
- d- furniture, lace and cloth

4- Which one of the following statements is **TRUE**?

- a- All week, every street and bridge is packed with stalls.
- b- On Sunday, every street and bridge is packed with stalls.
- c- In southern France, every street and bridge is packed with stalls.
- d- In Venice, every street and bridge is packed with stalls.

5- Which one of the following statements is **NOT TRUE**?

- a- The smell of the brightly coloured bunches of flowers fill the air.
 - b- The market sells food, antiques, sun hats and beach towels.
 - c- Travellers fill their backpacks with delicious food for Sunday lunch.
 - d- After the market closes, you can have a perfect picnic near the river.
-

Passage 3

The Souks of Marrakech

Marrakech in Morocco is a city of ancient, sand-coloured buildings and palm trees in the middle of the desert.

In the centre is the main square, Jemaa el Fna. Here you can see snakes and drink Moroccan coffee. But behind the square is the real heart of the city. This is the souk (the Arabic word for market). Hundreds of little shops and stalls are open from early morning till lunchtime, and again in the evening. The souk, with its narrow, busy streets, is divided into lots of smaller souks. There's the aromatic spice souk, the noisy meat souk, the colourful clothing souk, the gold and silver souk, and many more.

Finally, there's the carpet souk. Here, hundreds of handmade Moroccan rugs and carpets cover the pavements. No two rugs are the same. In Mr. Youssef's rug shop, he invites you to sit down among all the beautiful carpets. A silver teapot arrives with little glasses and Mr. Youssef talks about the different rugs, while his assistants roll them out one by one.

Two hours later, after many glasses of traditional mint tea and lots of bargaining, you finally choose your rug and leave much poorer. Then it's time to return to the main square to watch the snakes and count your money.

1- In paragraph 1, line 1, the word "ancient" means _____.

- a- new and modern
- b- palm trees
- c- very old
- d- sand-coloured

2- Where can you see snakes and drink Moroccan coffee?

- a- In the spice souk.
- b- Next to the narrow streets.
- c- In the main square.
- d- Behind the main square.

3- In paragraph 3, line 4, the pronoun "them" refers to _____.

- a- assistants
- b- rugs
- c- souks
- d- little glasses

4- Which one of the following statements is **TRUE**?

- a- The souk does not open in the evening.
- b- The streets in the souk are wide and quiet.
- c- Market is the Arabic word for souk.
- d- The souk is divided into many smaller souks.

5- Which one of the following statements is **NOT TRUE**?

- a- In the carpet souk, all the rugs are the same.
- b- In the carpet souk, there are hundreds of rugs and carpets.
- c- In the carpet souk, rugs and carpets are handmade.
- d- You can drink traditional mint tea in Mr. Youssef's shop.

II. Vocabulary

1- He went to the _____ to put the money in his account.

- a- pharmacy
- b- clothes shop
- c- café
- d- bank

2- I had a headache, so I bought Panadol tablets from the _____.

- a- clothes shop
- b- bank
- c- pharmacy
- d- news agent's

3- That _____ sells delicious doughnuts.

- a- newsagent's
- b- café
- c- clothes shop
- d- pharmacy

4- There are some interesting magazines at that _____.

- a- pharmacy
- b- clothes shop
- c- bank
- d- news agent's

5- Hassan bought _____ from a clothes shop in Tahlia Street.

- a- a shirt and a tie
- b- a conditioner and a deodorant
- c- flu tablets and tissues
- d- some newspapers and magazines

6- I like this sweater. _____

- a- I have a bad cold.

- b- It fits me very well.
- c- I'm looking for Today's edition of Okaz.
- d- I'll have an espresso.

7- Salem went to the _____ to get some shaving foam.

- a- pharmacy
- b- news agent's
- c- bank
- d- café

8- Do you have a shirt like this in _____?

- a- small
- b- big
- c- red
- d- change

9- I'm going to buy some tissues from the nearest _____.

- a- clothes shop
- b- bank
- c- café
- d- pharmacy

10- This dress is too small. Do you have a _____ one?

- a- bigger
- b- smaller
- c- cheaper
- d- warmer

III. Grammar

1- How _____ money do you have?

- a- many
- b- much
- c- a lot of
- d- any

2- Would you like to have _____ coffee?

- a- any
- b- much
- c- some
- d- many

3- There are _____ tomatoes left, but not

_____.

- a- a little / much
- b- a few / many
- c- a few / much
- d- a lot of / much

4- We haven't got _____ biscuits.

- a- some
- b- a little
- c- much
- d- any

5- There is _____ big supermarket near my house.

- a- a
- b- an
- c- the
- d- some

6- What's _____ name of the restaurant you went to last night?

- a- an
- b- the
- c- any
- d- a

7- I went to _____ England in the summer.

- a- -----
- b- a
- c- for

d- an

8- Milk _____ good for your health.

a- are

b- is

c- am

d- be

9- I'm going _____ home.

a- for

b- -----

c- at

d- the

10- What _____ amazing artist she is!

a- an

b- a

c- some

d- the

11- Can you buy _____ bread and cheese for the picnic, if you want to help!

a- any

b- some

c- lot of

d- a lots of

12- There's _____ oil in the bottle. We can't prepare dinner.

a- a few

b- much

c- a little

d- a lot of

13- _____ gold is very expensive.

a- no article

b- the

- c- a
- d- any

IV. Everyday English

1- Nawal: Where did you buy that sweater?

Basma: From a _____ near my house.

- a- café
- b- pharmacy
- c- clothes shop
- d- a news agent's

2- Ahmad: Can I try this shirt on?

The shopkeeper: Of course. _____

- a- How would you like to pay?
- b- How much is it?
- c- The changing rooms are over there.
- d- You don't have enough change.

3- Wiam: Do you have this skirt in blue?

Reem: Yes, what _____ are you?

- a- medium
- b- size
- c- colour
- d- big

4- Ali: _____

Shopkeeper: It's 50 Riyals.

- a- How much is this shirt?
- b- Can I help you?
- c- How would you like to pay?
- d- What size are you?

5- Shopkeeper: Can I help you?

Waheed: _____

- a- It's 70 riyals.

- b- I'm just looking, thanks.
- c- What size are you?
- d- Here you are.

6- Rami: I'd like some chocolate cake, please.

Waiter: _____.

- a- I'm afraid there isn't any left
- b- The changing rooms are over there
- c- It fits you very well
- d- You can take these tablets three times a day.

7- Shopkeeper: _____

Basil: Cash.

- a- What size are you?
- b- How can I help you?
- c- Would you like anything else?
- d- How would you like to pay?

8- Majed: Can you help me? I've got a bad stomachache.

Pharmacist: _____.

- a- OK. You can take these tablets twice a day
- b- It's over there, on the middle shelf
- c- We've got some delicious carrot cake
- d- We don't have this sweater in green.

9- Hazim: Good morning. Can I have a _____, please?

Waiter: Certainly. I'll bring you an espresso in a few minutes.

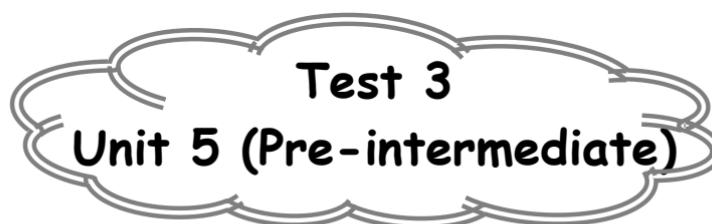
- a- sandwich
- b- doughnut
- c- espresso
- d- carrot cake

10- John: Why did you go to the _____?

Michel: I needed to send a parcel to my aunt in Qatar.

- a- bank
- b- clothes shop

- c- pharmacy
- d- post office



Test 3
Unit 5 (Pre-intermediate)

I. Reading

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

The children of Gaza

For the children of Gaza Strip, getting an education isn't easy. There are 640 schools for nearly $\frac{1}{2}$ million students, and schools have two shifts a day - some children have classes in the evenings. School buildings and surrounding roads are often closed, and going to school can be impossible for long periods.

However, a good education still comes first in most Gazan parents' ambitions for **their** children, and among 15-24-year-olds literacy is 98.2%, higher than in America.

"The children really want to learn, and they are tough here", said one teacher. Teachers persuade young people to come to school rather than get involved in the protests and fighting. "We try to explain that there are other ways to fight for our rights, through our words, and through learning and teaching others about what's happening, by helping each other."

The young people of Gaza can't go abroad, and **they** need to feel that the world can hear their voices. In 2010, with The Gaza Mono-Logues project of ASHTAR Theatre, children in Gaza had the opportunity to record their experiences of life. On October 17th, they read their monologues aloud on the sea shore, and then sent them on papers boats

across the sea. Later that day, 1000 young people presented the monologues in 50 cities across the world.

Choose the correct answer:

1- Getting education is very _____ for children of Gaza.

- a- easy
- b- difficult
- c- interesting
- d- cheap

2- There are about _____ schools in Gaza Strip.

- a- 460
- b- 640
- c- 64
- d- 604

3- Schools in Gaza have _____ shifts a day.

- a- four
- b- three
- c- two
- d- one

4- Gazan parents _____.

- a- don't want their children to learn
- b- want their children to learn
- c- can't afford sending their children to schools
- d- want their children to work and help them

5- Young people of Gaza want the world to _____.

- a- be rich
- b- sing songs with them
- c- hear their voices
- d- give them money

6- The Gaza Mono-Logues project of ASHTAR Theatre was in _____.

- a- 2010
- b- 2009
- c- 2008
- d- 2011

7- Which of the following statements is **TRUE**?

- a- Children of Gaza didn't have the opportunity to record their experiences in life.
- b- They read their monologues on TV.
- c- They sent their monologues by plane.
- d- 1000 young people presented the monologues in 50 cities.

8- Which of the following statements is **NOT TRUE**?

- a- Teachers encourage young people to get involved in the fighting.
- b- Gazan children want to learn at schools.
- c- School buildings and roads are often closed in Gaza.
- d- The young people of Gaza can't go abroad.

9- The pronoun "**their**" in paragraph 2 refers to _____

- a- education
- b- ambitions
- c- Gazan parents
- d- Children

10- The pronoun "**they**" in paragraph 4 refers to _____

- a- teachers
- b- young people
- c- Gaza
- d- voices

II. Vocabulary

1- We're _____ a picnic next weekend. Would you like to come?

- a- going

- b- having
- c- doing
- d- coming

2- My sister _____ first in the last race.

- a- did
- b- came
- c- had
- d- goes

3- If you work hard, your dreams can _____ true.

- a- go
- b- have
- c- come
- d- do

4- Let's _____ shopping tonight.

- a- to go
- b- go
- c- have
- d- come

5- He _____ a car accident last week.

- a- came
- b- went
- c- had
- d- make

6- Why don't we _____ out for a meal tonight.

- a- go
- b- have
- c- come
- d- take

7- _____ and see me. I miss you so much.

- a- Come

- b- Go
- c- Work
- d- Leave

8- All the workers are _____ a meeting with their manager now.

- a- making
- b- going
- c- having
- d- doing

9- I always _____ to school by bus.

- a- bring
- b- come
- c- play
- d- take

10- They can't _____ abroad. They do not have a holiday.

- a- leave
- b- take
- c- have
- d- go

11- Ali did not go to school. He _____ a bad cold

- a- had
- b- come
- c- get
- d- went

12- The girls _____ a great time with their new friend Noora.

- a- come
- b- had
- c- get
- d- go

III. Grammar

1- We'd like _____ to Dubai for our summer holiday.

- a- going
- b- to go
- c- are going
- d- go

2- Sally hopes _____ a doctor.

- a- to be
- b- for being
- c- being
- d- be

3- I'm looking forward to _____ you.

- a- see
- b- saw
- c- seeing
- d- have seen

4- Ahmad finished _____ his homework early.

- a- do
- b- to do
- c- doing
- d- does

5- A: Which dress do you want, the blue one or the black?

B: _____ the black one.

- a- I'll take
- b- I'm take
- c- I taking
- d- Take

6- A: Why are you cooking so much food?

B: _____ a party tomorrow.

- a- I had

- b- I'm going to have
- c- I'll have
- d- I have had

7- A: The phone is ringing!

B: Ok _____ it.

- a- I am going to answer
- b- I'll answer
- c- I answer
- d- I no answer

8- A: Would you like to come with me for a walk?

B: Yes, _____

- a- I do
- b- I would
- c- I don't
- d- I wouldn't

9- They aren't _____ married in June.

- a- going to get
- b- going
- c- going to
- d- go

10- My parents are thinking of _____ to another house.

- a- moving
- b- move
- c- to move
- d- moved

11- They really want _____ hard to get the best mark.

- a- work
- b- working
- c- to working
- d- to work

12- Next summer, I _____ to London. My brother lives there. I have already bought the ticket.

- a- will
- b- is going to travel
- c- going to travel
- d- am going to travel

13- Scientists say the Earth _____ suffer seriously if we continue polluting the air.

- a- is going
- b- will
- c- will be
- d- are going to

14- I _____ to drink some tea now.

- a- love
- b- likes
- c- would love
- d- would

IV. Everyday English: Choose the correct answers:

1- A: What's the matter?

B: _____

- a- I will listen to the news on the radio.
- b- It's better to leave early and come tomorrow.
- c- I feel nervous because I have an exam today.
- d- How nice of you to help me with my homework.

2- A: I don't feel very well.

B: _____

- a- You have to work hard.
- b- Can you finish your work?
- c- Why don't you have some rest?

d- Why did you come late today?

3- A: _____

B: Good luck! Do your best.

a- I don't feel very well.

b- I'm fed up with this course.

c- She doesn't like fish, but she likes chicken.

d- I've got an exam today.

4- A: My grandfather's going into hospital for tests.

B: _____

a- I'm sorry to hear that, but I'm sure he'll be all right.

b- Why don't you stay at home?

c- Nothing is going right in my life.

d- Poor you! That happens to me sometimes. I just read in bed.

5- A: _____

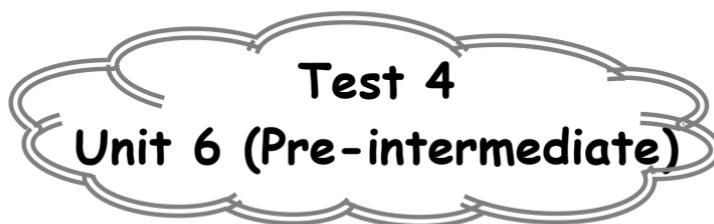
B: I know. We really need some sunshine, don't we?

a- That's great. Have a good time.

b- That's good. I'm pleased to hear that.

c- I'm fed up with this weather.

d- I feel really depressed at the moment.



Test 4
Unit 6 (Pre-intermediate)

I. Vocabulary: Choose the correct answers:

1- Ali's bedroom is very _____. He doesn't clean it at all.

a- lovely

b- messy

c- tidy

d- modern

2- A: Sally's family is very rich.

B: Yes, they are really _____.

- a- horrible
- b- expensive
- c- wealthy
- d- poor

3- A: This movie is really boring.

B: I know. I'm really _____ with it.

- a- fed up
- b- brilliant
- c- interested
- d- mean

4- A: The weather is lovely today.

B: Yes, it's very _____.

- a- horrible
- b- beautiful
- c- awful
- d- boring

5- A: Paris has a lot of new buildings.

B: Yes, they are really _____.

- a- old
- b- modern
- c- kind
- d- cheap

6- A: The food was awful in this restaurant.

B: Yes, it wasn't _____ at all.

- a- nice
- b- rich
- c- mean
- d- horrible

7- A: This book is very boring.

B: I don't agree with you. It's very _____.

- a- terrible
- b- awful
- c- mean
- d- interesting

8-Bill Gates is one of the most _____ people in the world. He made a lot of money.

- a- brilliant
- b- stupid
- c- bored
- d- expensive

9- A: Is your Arabic teacher old?

B: No, she's very _____.

- a- like
- b- funny
- c- young
- d- fat

10- There are many -----people in India.

- a- bored
- b- expensive
- c- cheap
- d- poor

11-A: Mary's uncle is very rich."

B: "Yes, he is really _____, isn't he?

- a- modern
- b- messy
- c- wealthy
- d- poor

12- A: "Dubai has hundreds of new buildings."

B: "Yes, it is a very _____ city"

- a- modern
- b- brilliant
- c- messy
- d- tidy

13- A: "Larry's office is always untidy."

B: "That's true; it is very _____ all the time."

- a- wealthy
- b- clean
- c- messy
- d- modern

14- A: "Henry is not wealthy, but he is very kind."

B: "Of course, he is _____."

- a- modern
- b- bored
- c- fed up
- d- generous

15- A: "What an awful piece of cake."

B: "Yes, it wasn't very _____, was it?"

- a- nice
- b- fed up
- c- interesting
- d- bored

16- A: "Mary's uncle is so mean."

B: "Right, he is not _____."

- a- fed up
- b- generous
- c- old
- d- tidy

17- A: "Ashley's family is _____."

B: "Yes, they aren't very rich. Are they?"

- a- tidy

- b- poor
- c- horrible
- d- nice

18- A: "This movie is boring. Let's watch something else."

B: "Yes, it isn't _____, is it?"

- a- tidy
- b- fed up
- c- horrible
- d- interesting

19- A: "Their children are so stupid."

B: "Yes, they aren't _____, are they?"

- a- clean
- b- mean
- c- noisy
- d- smart

20- A: "My sister is old."

B: "Yes. She isn't _____, is she?"

- a- young
- b- clean
- c- noisy
- d- tall

II. Grammar

1- A: _____

B: It has got beautiful gardens and warm weather.

- a- What would you like to do?
- b- What's France like?
- c- What do you like?
- d- Do you like it?

2- The plane is _____ than the car.

- a- fast

- b- more fast
- c- fastest
- d- faster

3- Tokyo is _____ city in the world.

- a- the most expensive
- b- the more expensive
- c- more expensive than
- d- expensive

4- Jeddah is _____ than Beirut.

- a- hotter
- b- more hot
- c- hot
- d- hottest

5- Sami is the _____ student in the class.

- a- most smart
- b- smarter
- c- smart
- d- smartest

6- A: What's your English teacher like?

B: _____

- a- She's very nice
- b- She's like nice
- c- She is having a meeting
- d- She likes reading.

7- Sally is _____ than her sister.

- a- good
- b- better
- c- best
- d- the best

8- Lina is the _____ girl in the class.

- a- funny
- b- funnier
- c- much funniest
- d- funniest

9- That film was the _____ film I've ever seen.

- a- worse
- b- bad
- c- as bad
- d- worst

10- Jeddah is _____ than Kuwait.

- a- bigger
- b- big
- c- biggest
- d- as big

11- Adnan is as _____ as Tariq.

- a- tall
- b- taller
- c- tallest
- d- more tall

12- Ahmed is _____ than his brother, Majed.

- a- old
- b- older
- c- more old
- d- more older

13- London is _____ than Jeddah.

- a- expensive
- b- the expensive
- c- more expensive
- d- most expensive

14- Which is _____ Asma or Amal?

- a- beautiful
- b- as beautiful
- c- more beautiful
- d- most beautiful

15- Who is the _____ man in the world?

- a- richer
- b- rich
- c- much richer
- d- richest

16- All the cakes I tried in that restaurant are delicious, but I think the chocolate cake was the

- _____.
- a- better
 - b- best
 - c- as good
 - d- good

17- The weather in London is _____ than the weather in Italy.

- a- colder
- b- coldest
- c- cold
- d- so cold

18- London is as _____ as Paris.

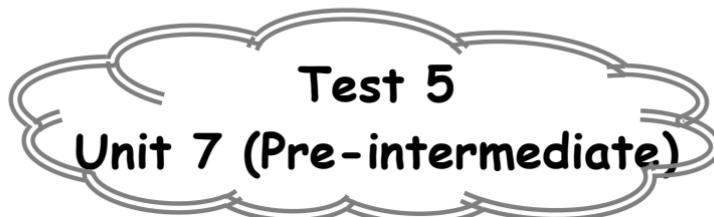
- a- expensive
- b- more expensive
- c- most expensive
- d- the most expensive

19- This university is _____ than the other one in the capital city.

- a- small
- b- smaller
- c- smallest
- d- as small

20- This bag is the _____ of all.

- a- heaviest
- b- heavy
- c- heavier
- d- much heavier



Test 5
Unit 7 (Pre-intermediate)

I. Reading

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

The racing driver and the tennis player

Bruno and Maria Cruz

They are one of the most famous married couples in the sporting world. He is the racing driver who has won seven Formula One championships. He has won Grands Prix in nearly every country possible. She is the tennis player who has won more Grand Slam titles than any other woman. She has been the number one female tennis player in the world for the last 8 years. They invited Hil into their luxury home .

Bruno: "A lot of the time we've been together, we've been in different countries! Naturally, we try to spend more time together, but it's not easy. We've both flown all over the world for a weekend, just to be together."

Maria: "Yes, it can be crazy sometimes. Occasionally we both have championships in the same country. That doesn't happen often, so it's a real treat. But now that we've got this beautiful home, we're working hard to make sure we get enough time together here - private time."

Maria: "I don't know what 'superstar' means really, it's a word that other people use. We're both just very good at, and feel passionate about, our different sports. And we've been very lucky to have the chance to show that to the world. But when we're not doing that ... well, we're just normal people really. We are normal, aren't we, Bruno?"

Bruno: "Yes! I don't think that fame and fortune have changed me. We don't spend all our time dressing up and going ant to fancy, expensive restaurants. Most evenings we're happy to cook a meal and sit and watch TV together. But it obviously helps that we both know about the problems of being famous. And fortunately for me, people don't recognize me as much as Maria !"

Bruno: " I was practising for the Australian Grand Prix in Melbourne, and a friend had tickets for the final of the Australian Tennis Open there. I met Maria at the celebration dinner afterwards. I already knew about her as a tennis player, of course. But when we started talking for the first time ... well, it was that wonderful feeling that you've known someone all your life !"

Maria: "I knew very little about Formula One, so I wasn't sure what to ask him. I've never been very interested in it to be honest - too much about tyres and engines for my liking! But I've certainly learnt a lot about it since then. I"

Bruno and Maria have been married for five years. They have lived in their home since January .

Bruno: "We're both at the point where we know that it can't go on for much longer, being at the top. But we've had wonderful careers, and I think we can both look forward to retiring. We'd like to have some peace and quiet and spend more time here with each other, and ... "

Maria: " ... and with one or two little Cruzs! I've always wanted to have a family, and the good thing about being a professional tennis player is that you stop at an age where that's still possible. And this will be such a fantastic home to bring up children in!

Choose the correct answer:

- 1- Bruno and Maria are two famous _____.
- a- sportspeople
 - b- teachers
 - c- businessmen
 - d- football players

- 2- Most of the time, Maria and Bruno are _____.
a- in the coffee shop
b- in different countries
c- together
d- at home
- 3- They got their new home _____.
a- to make their friends jealous of them
b- to make more money and have more houses
c- to be richer
d- to get enough time together.
- 4- Maria thinks that they are _____.
a- super stars
b- good footballers
c- normal people
d- crazy people
- 5- Not like all famous stars, Bruno and Maria spend their evenings _____.
a- cooking and watching TV together
b- swimming in their swimming pool.
c- going to expensive restaurants.
d- visiting friends.
- 6- Maria and Bruno want to retire because they want _____.
a- to have some peace and quiet and be together
b- to start another career
c- to travel and see the world
d- to go shopping and get new cars and a new house
- 7- Which statement is TRUE?
a- Bruno met Maria in a football match in Australia.
b- Bruno met Maria in his sister's birthday party.
c- Bruno and Maria met in a conference in New York.

d- Bruno met Maria at the celebration dinner of the Australian Grand Prix.

8- Which statement is NOT TRUE?

- a- Bruno already knew about Maria as a tennis player.
- b- Bruno is a famous tennis player.
- c- Maria won a lot of formula one championship.
- d- Maria was very interested in Formula One.

9- The underlined word **retiring** in the text means:

- a- stop working
- b- go to work
- c- From two countries.
- d- From Latin America

10- The pronoun "**they**" in paragraph 1 refers to:

- a- Hi' Magazine
- b- Bruno
- c- Maria and Bruno
- d- Maria

II. Vocabulary: Choose the correct answers:

1- _____ is a very popular dish in England.

- a- Do's and Don'ts
- b- Fish and Chips
- c- Peace and Quiet

2- _____ Welcome to our programme.

- a- Now and then
- b- Ladies and Gentlemen
- c- Salt and pepper

3- How's your uncle? _____. There are good days, and then not such good days.

- a- Up and down

- b- Now and then
- c- Peace and quiet

4- _____ we reached home.

- a- Especially
- b- At last
- c- Too

5- A: Do you like reading English books?

B: _____ I do. I love reading them.

- a- Just
- b- Of course
- c- Still

6- This dish needs some _____ to be delicious.

- a- now and then
- b- ladies and gentlemen
- c- salt and pepper

7- I like sitting in the backyard of my house. I do that to get some _____.

- a- safe and sound
- b- peace and quiet
- c- do's and don'ts

8- A: Did you like the film?

B: _____. The story was exciting but the actors were not so good.

- a- Salt and Pepper
- b- Yes and no
- c- Fish and chips

9- She arrived _____ last week.

- a- now and then
- b- yes and no
- c- safe and sound

10- He works very _____ to get his university degree.

- a- hard
- b- only
- c- nearly

11- I have ----- finished cleaning the dishes.

- a- together
- b- hard
- c- just
- d- too

12- A: Do you like cheese cakes?

B: -----, I do. They're my favourite sweet dish.

- a- At last
- b- Carefully
- c- Only
- d- Of course

III. Grammar

1- They _____ football for many years. They haven't stopped yet.

- a- have played
- b- are playing
- c- played

2- _____ stories has he written?

- a- How many
- b- How often
- c- How long

3- The children have been in bed _____ 9 o'clock.

- a- for
- b- since
- c- at

- 4- Have you _____ been to France?
a- never
b- ever
c- just
- 5- I _____ my friend for a long time.
a- have known
b- have been knowing
c- have been known
- 6- A: Has he finished his work yet?
B: No, he _____.
a- didn't
b- wasn't
c- hasn't
- 7- She has been a student since she _____ seven years old.
a- has been
b- was
c- is
- 8- She _____ to England in 2006.
a- goes
b- went
c- has gone
- 9- He has worked in the factory _____ six years.
a- for
b- since
c- in
- 10- They _____ after a basketball match last year.
a- have met
b- met
c- are meeting

IV. Everyday English: Choose the correct answers:

1- A: Do you like crime novels?

B: No, _____.

- a- it isn't
- b- they aren't
- c- I don't
- d- I'm not

2- A: Did you see the football match last night?

B: Yes, _____.

- a- it was
- b- I was
- c- I did
- d- I didn't

3- A: Are your parents friendly?

B: Yes _____.

- a- they were
- b- they are
- c- they do
- d- they will

4- A: _____?

B: Yes, I have.

- a- Have you tried the new pizza restaurant
- b- Did you go to the restaurant
- c- Do you like eating pizza in the restaurant
- d- Can you call me at 7

5- A: _____?

B: No, he hasn't.

- a- Does he clean his car
- b- Did he clean his car
- c- Has he cleaned his car
- d- Is he cleaning his car

6. A: Have you travelled to Abha before?

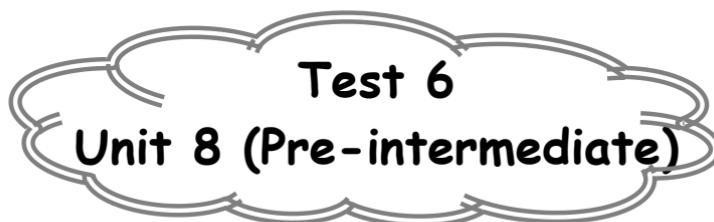
B: _____

- a- No, I didn't.
- b- No, you doesn't.
- c- No, I haven't.
- d- No, I can't.

7. A: Do you like reading novels?

B: _____

- a- Yes, I can't.
- b- No, she does.
- c- Yes, I do.
- d- No, I like.



Test 6
Unit 8 (Pre-intermediate)

Choose the correct answers

I. Vocabulary

1. My alarm _____ wakes me up every day.

- a- light
- b- clock
- c- card
- d- time

2. The traffic _____ became red as we were driving near the bank.

- a- park
- b- card
- c- lights
- d- car

3. He sent me a text _____ to say he would be late.
a- message
b- post
c- case
d- credit
4. The roads are always crowded especially during rush _____.
a- hours
b- set
c- quake
d- posts
5. You can pay by credit _____
a- coat
b- card
c- cream
d- time
6. There was a terrible _____ in Turkey some days ago. Many people were killed.
a- sunset
b- sign post
c- earthquake
d- earring
7. I have a nice book _____ in my living room. I always put the books there.
a- drier
b- case
c- park
d- table
8. Our teacher always asks us to _____ conversations in class to practise speaking.
a- come
b- go

- c- make
- d- lose

9. You've become very fat. It's better to _____weight.

- a- make
- b- lose
- c- go
- d- have

10. My sister is becoming fat, so she is going on _____from next week.

- a- her time
- b- to bed
- c- a diet
- d- exercise

11. I do not know the way to the shopping centre but I can follow the _____ in the streets.

- a- alarm clock
- b- earthquake
- c- credit card
- d- signposts

II. Grammar

1- You _____to start work at 8:00.

- a- must
- b- can
- c- should
- d- have

2- You _____do sports to stay healthy.

- a- have
- b- should
- c- had
- d- don't have

- 3- We _____ to buy cheese. There is a lot of cheese in the fridge.
a- must
b- have
c- don't have
d- can
- 4- Hammed is very strong. He _____ lift heavy weights.
a- have
b- can
c- mustn't
d- shouldn't
- 5- Nabil _____ to get a driving licence before he drives his car.
a- mustn't
b- has
c- doesn't have
d- should
- 6- A: _____?
B: Yes, she can.
a- Can she speak English
b- She can speak
c- Can she English
d- She speaks English
- 7- You _____ tell lies. It's very bad.
a- should
b- shouldn't
c- have
d- can't
- 8- Dina _____ sing when she was very young.
a- had
b- could
c- can
d- will

- 9- She _____ to do the washing up. She has a dishwasher.
a- shouldn't
b- don't have
c- can't
d- mustn't
- 10- I _____ to renew my passport or I can't travel abroad.
a- can
b- must
c- have
d- should

III. Everyday English: Choose the correct answer:

- 1- A: What did the doctor do when you told him you had a cold?
B: _____
a- He took my temperature and examined me.
b- He gave me some homework to do.
c- We went to the restaurant together to have a meal.
d- He drove me to the airport.
- 2- A: _____?
B: Some antibiotics and some vitamins.
a- What did you do last weekend
b- Where is the pharmacy
c- What does the doctor prescribe
d- Were you sick last night
- 3- A: _____?
B: I went to the doctor's.
a- How are you now
b- Where did you go when you felt ill
c- What's the problem with Mona
d- When are you free today

4- A: What's the matter with you?

B: _____

a- I'd like to have a cup of coffee and some doughnuts.

b- You can go by foot. Don't take a taxi.

c- I've got a cold.

d- We can listen to the radio or watch TV.

5- A: _____?

B: I've got a sore throat.

a- Where are you going

b- What's the matter with you

c- How did you arrive there

d- How much work have you got to do

6. Doctor: How do you feel?

Woman: _____ and I can't walk on it.

Doctor: That's too bad. Let me check it.

a- I've got diarrhoea

b- I've twisted me ankle

c- I've got a cold

d- I have sore throat

7. A: You look sick!

B: Yeah! I have terrible flu. _____

A: You should rest at home.

a- I keep going to the toilet.

b- I can't move my leg.

c- I don't like chocolate.

d- I have a temperature and running nose.

Test 7

Unit 9 (Pre-intermediate)

Reading

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Sunset in the west

The first industrial economies were European, until the 1890s, when the US became the world's economic superpower. In the 1960s the 'Asian Tigers' arrived, and suddenly everything we bought was 'Made in Japan/South Korea'. But the populations of these new industrial nations are much smaller than America's, and could never produce enough to move the centre of the world economy from West to East.

Made in China

Now the East's time has come. China, with its population of 1.3 billion, has already become 'the world's factory'. If its economy continues to grow at 10%, it will become the biggest economy in the world by 2018. It will also take America's place as the world's largest oil market, thirsty for petrol to run the 140m private cars on its roads.

'Rolex now sell a third of their watches to the Chinese'

The West was once afraid of China because of its communist ideas. Now it's more worried about China's success in capitalism. China has nearly 100 billionaires. Although many of its people are still poor, a third of the world's luxury products - Chanel perfume, Rolex watches, Lacoste clothing - are now sold in China.

The sky's the limit ?

The pollution in the skies over cities like Beijing is one of the costs of this incredible success. Five out of ten of the world's most polluted cities are in China, and its economy will have to become 'greener' as quickly as it has become more capitalist. Another problem for China's future economy is its population growth. Because of the 'one child per

family' policy, started in the 1980s, the working population of China will start to get smaller in 2015 .

What about India ?

Everyone is talking about China as the future world superpower, but India isn't far behind. India already has over 1 billion people, and here there will be no problems finding enough workers for its fast growing economy. If the population continues to grow as quickly as now, it will be bigger than China's by 2040 .

'Bangalore is one of the most exciting places in the world '

And although it has enough cheap workers to produce a car for \$2000, India is not just a gigantic factory. It has an enormous number of highly educated scientists, engineers, and IT specialists. Many of the West's successful technology companies use Indian teams to design software for their mobile phones and computers. The Vice-President of Cisco Systems said recently, 'I find Bangalore one of the most exciting places in the world. It's what Silicon Valley in California was in 1999 .'

From West to East

Between them, China and India have a third of the world's population. Every year they produce a million graduates in science and engineering (the US produces 70,000), entering industry and doing research in university departments .

Whether China or India becomes the leading economic power, the result for the West will be the same. America's time as the world's most powerful nation will soon be over, and all Western countries will have to live in a changing world, where the sun rises in the East once more .

Choose the correct answer:

- 1- The pronoun "**It**" in the paragraph 2 refers to _____.
- a- America
 - b- Korea

- c- Asia
- d- China

2- One of the following statements is **TRUE**:

- a- China has luxury products such as Chanel perfume, Rolex watches, and Lacoste clothing.
- b- Six out of ten of the world's most populated cities are in China.
- c- The first industrial economies were Asian, until the 1890's.
- d- China has become "the world's village".

3- One of the following statements is **NOT TRUE**:

- a- The skies over cities like Beijing are very clean.
- b- India has an enormous number of highly educated people.
- c- China has nearly one hundred billionaires.
- d- In the 1960's the "Asian Tigers" arrived.

4- The first big industrial economies were in _____.

- a- India
- b- China
- c- Europe
- d- America

5- The country that has the biggest economy today is _____.

- a- China
- b- India
- c- Europe
- d- The US

6- Why will China's population start to get smaller? Because of _____.

- a- the war.
- b- the diseases.
- c- lack of marriages.
- d- the "one child per family policy".

7- What is the result of either China or India becoming the leading economic power?

- a- America will not be economically powerful anymore.
- b- America will get stronger economically.
- c- America will be as powerful as China and India.
- d- America will help China and India to become powerful.

8- China has become the "the world's factory" because_____.

- a- it has the largest oil market.
- b- it has a population of 1.3 billion.
- c- it has a lot of poor people.
- d- it has 100 billionaires.

9- India is very successful in _____.

- a- Only the world IT
- b- Cosmetic
- c- Fashion
- d- Science, engineering, and IT

10- Every year_____.

- a- India and China together produce more scientists and engineers than the US.
- b- The US produces more scientists and engineers than India and China.
- c- India and China become weaker in economy.
- d- the US becomes stronger in economy.

Vocabulary:

Choose the correct answers:

1- A: Do you _____ tired when you run?

B: Yes, I can't run more than two minutes.

- a- do
- b- take
- c- get
- d- make

2. Annie is a photographer. She likes to _____ pictures of animals.

- a- get
- b- take
- c- make
- d- do

3. You need flour, eggs and sugar to _____ cakes.

- a- take
- b- get
- c- make
- d- do

4. _____ some exercise will keep you healthy.

- a- Doing
- b- Taking
- c- Getting
- d- Making

5. Toyota cars are _____ in Japan.

- a- did
- b- made
- c- got
- d- taken

6. Before you leave your flat, _____ sure that all windows are closed.

- a- get
- b- do
- c- take
- d- make

7. Could you _____ me a favour? Could you help me carry this heavy box?

- a- do
- b- get
- c- take

d- make

8. I _____ my friend Noura out for a meal last Monday. We ate in the Italian restaurant.

a- got

b- took

c- made

d- did

9. You can _____ a cold if you don't change your wet clothes.

a- get

b- make

c- do

d- take

10. If you don't like the service in this company, why don't you _____ a complaint?

a- take

b- do

c- make

d- get

Grammar:

1- When I call Manal, I _____ her to the party.

a- will invite

b- inviting

c- invited

d- have invited

2- Please, sit in the waiting room _____ I call you.

a- where

b- until

c- before

d- what

3. _____ it's sunny this weekend, we can have a picnic.
a- What
b- Before
c- If
d- Until
- 4- Ameerah will watch T.V. _____ she does her homework.
a- after
b- until
c- what
d- where
- 5- If I _____ my driving test. I'll buy a car.
a- will pass
b- pass
c- passed
d- was passing
6. If I _____ money, I'll buy a new car.
a- had
b- will have
c- have
d- was having
7. When I get home, I _____ a bath.
a- had
b- will have
c- was having
d- have
8. If I have time, I _____ on a picnic.
a- will go
b- go
c- went
d- was going

9. As soon as he _____ his homework, he will call his friend.
a- finish
b- finishes
c- finished
d- was finishing
10. Give me your suitcase. I _____ it for you.
a- carried
b- carries
c- will carry
d- is carrying

Everyday English:

1. **Receptionist:** Hello, Weston Hotel. Ahmad speaking. How can I help you?

Client: _____

- a- It's on the third of March.
b- See you later. Bye-bye.
c- I'd like to make a reservation, please.
d- At two o'clock in the morning.

- 2- **Receptionist:** Certainly, when is it for?

Client: It's for one night, the fifteenth of this month.

Receptionist _____

- a- Do you want a single or a double room?
b- Nice talking to you
c- How much is it per night?
d- We serve breakfast at 6 a.m.

- 3- **Client:** A double, please.

Receptionist: Fine, I have one for you. And your name is?

Client: Mohammad Salem. _____

- a- Can you tell me how much it is per night?
b- Can you tell me why didn't you call?
c- Can I make a reservation, please?

d- Do you want extra pillow?

4- **Receptionist:** Sure. That's \$ 95 a night. Can I have your credit card number, please?

Client: Yes, sure. It's a Master Card. 4323 1436 0932 8842 .

Receptionist: Thank you. _____

a- How much is that?

b- Is it on the second floor?

c- Ahmad, is speaking. How can I help you?

d- Could I have a phone number?

5- **Client:** Yes, sure. 0966 5047818109.

Receptionist: That's fine _____

Client: Thanks a lot. Bye-bye.

a- It's on the third of June.

b- Do you want to cancel your reservation?

c- We look forward to seeing you on the fifteenth. Goodbye.

d- At two o'clock in the morning.

6. **Receptionist:** Hello. How can I help you?

Customer: _____

a- I'd like a room for the night, please.

b- See you later. Bye.

c- It's on the second floor.

d- No, thank you.

7. **Receptionist:** _____

Customer: No. I'd like to have a single room with a private bathroom.

a- How would you like to pay?

b- How many persons per room?

c- How would you like your breakfast?

d- Would you like a double room?

Test 8

Unit 10 (Pre-intermediate)

Choose the correct answers

I. Vocabulary

1-Ali saw a _____movie last weekend. It was all about ghosts.

- a- terrifying
- b- boring
- c- exciting

2-Manal went to London. She found it very _____. She enjoyed it very much.

- a- frightening
- b- boring
- c- exciting

3-Fatmah doesn't like French. She thinks it's a _____subject.

- a- surprising
- b- terrifying
- c- boring

4-Manal felt _____because she worked for 5 hours yesterday.

- a- excited
- b- exhausted
- c- disappointed

5-I like this book, it is really _____.

- a- interesting
- b- boring
- c- confusing

6-Sara is having a job interview today. She is very _____. She is afraid that she might not get the job.

- a- bored
- b- worried
- c- exhausted

7-Ahmad is going to Paris next week. He is really _____. He feels very happy.

- a- bored
- b- excited
- c- disappointed

8-The girls saw a big spider on the wall, they became so _____

- a- frightened
- b- confused
- c- bored

9- Mrs. Smith has an _____ character. I enjoy talking to her.

- a- exhausting
- b- boring
- c- interesting

10- This lesson is very _____. I can't understand it.

- a- terrifying
- b- confusing
- c- exciting

11- A: 'I met a famous movie star today.'

B: 'Really? How _____!'

- a- excited
- b- exciting
- c- bored

12. I failed my French exam. I worked very hard for it. I am really _____.

- a- interesting
- b- boring
- c- disappointed

13. My laptop's broken, and I don't understand the manual. It's so_____.

- a- confused
- b- confusing
- c- exciting

14. A: 'I haven't heard from my best friend for three months.'

B: 'You must be _____.'

- a- excited
- b- worried
- c- interested

15. A: 'The whole house was on fire.'

"Weren't you _____?"

- a- disappointed
- b- confusing
- c- frightened

II. Grammar

1- Choose the correct sentence

- a- Ali used to drink a glass of water every morning.
- b- Ali used to drinking a glass of water every morning.
- c- Ali used to drinks a glass of water every morning.
- d- Ali used to drank a glass of water every morning.

2- Choose the correct sentence

- a- Manal is going shop now.
- b- Manal is going to shop now.
- c- Manal is going to shopping now.
- d- Manal is going shopping now.

3- I enjoy _____short stories.

- a- write
- b- writing

c- to write

d- wrote

4-I wish I could stop_____ forever.

a- smoke

b- to smoke

c- smoking

d- smoked

5- I like_____ bread and cheese in the morning. It's my usual breakfast.

a- eating

b- eat

c- to eat

d- ate

6- He _____ play basketball when he was young. Now he doesn't play anymore.

a- use to

b- used to

c- using to

d- uses to

7- I managed _____ my work yesterday.

a- finish

b- to finish

c- finished

d- finishing

8- I've decided _____ my next holiday in Turkey.

a- to spend

b- spending

c- spent

d- spend

9- Mary used _____ the piano when she was at school.

- a- playing
- b- plays
- c- to play
- d- played

10- Let's go _____!

- a- shop
- b- shopped
- c- to shop
- d- shopping

11- We went _____ yesterday. It was great.

- a- swimming
- b- to swim
- c- swim
- d- swam

12- I used to _____ hard five years ago.

- a- study
- b- studied
- c- am studying
- d- studies

13- She made me _____ although I was very sad.

- a- to laugh
- b- laugh
- c- laughing
- d- laughed

14- I went to the pharmacy _____ some medicine.

- a- to buy
- b- buy
- c- buying
- d- bought

III. Everyday English

- 1- There were _____ people at the party.
a- so
b- so many
c- so much
d- such a

2. Maha has spent _____ money this week!
a- such
b- so many
c- such a
d- so much

3. Mona and Ali are _____ nice people!
a- such a
b- so much
c- so many
d- such

4. They were all _____ worried.
a- so
b- so many
c- such
d- such a

5. Paul saw _____ huge icebergs!
a- so much
b- such
c- such an
d- so

- 6- Their room is _____ a mess! I don't know how they sit in it.
a- so
b- such
c- very
d- too

7- Mary is _____ clever. She can answer all the questions.

- a- so
- b- such
- c- very
- d- too

8- Last holiday, I spent _____ money. I bought a lot of things.

- a- so many
- b- so much
- c- very
- d- too

9- You are _____ beautiful!

- a- such
- b- so
- c- such a
- d- so many

10- We had _____ a great experience!

- a- so
- b- such
- c- so many
- d- so much

11- I'm _____ thirsty! I want a bottle of water.

- a- so many
 - b- such
 - c- so
 - d- such a
-

Test 9

Unit 11 (Pre-intermediate)

I. Reading

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Did you know that a tiny piece of your hair gives us information about who you are related to, which career you could be successful in, any crimes you have committed, what illnesses you could get, how and when you could die?

This is possible thanks to the information in DNA (or deoxyribonucleic acid). Your hair and every cell in your body contains your own unique DNA. It can tell you a lot about your family, health, and personality.

DNA was discovered by a German scientist, Friedrich Miescher, in 1869, but nobody realized its importance then. Other scientists thought that it was too simple to contain the map of how we are made! In 1953, a group of British scientists at Cambridge University finally discovered the structure of DNA and how it worked. They were given the Nobel Prize for Medicine in 1962.

Gradually, scientists learned to "read" more and more of the information in DNA. In 1986, for the first time DNA testing was used by the police. Some DNA is usually left by a criminal at the place where the crime was committed. This can be matched with DNA from a suspect. The test shows if the suspect is guilty.

In 1990 the Human Genome Project was begun. Scientists wanted to make a map of the 3 billion chemical letters in human DNA. Over 1,000 scientists all over the world worked on the project, and it took 10 years. With this information, it is possible that a cure for many diseases will be found in the future. But it also brings with it many questions. Do we want

to be able to choose what our babies will look like, or pick the best person for a job with DNA tests?

Choose the correct answer:

- 1- Your DNA is in _____.
 - a- the food you eat
 - b- your hair and every cell in your body
 - c- Cambridge University

- 2- DNA tells everyone about _____.
 - a- their routines and activities
 - b- their families, health and personalities
 - c- their websites and blogs

- 3- _____ discovered DNA in 1869.
 - a- A British scientist
 - b- A German scientist
 - c- A French scientist

- 4- In 1986, DNA was first used by _____.
 - a- the army
 - b- universities
 - c- the police

- 5- _____ were given the Nobel Prize for medicine in 1962.
 - a- German scientists
 - b- British scientists
 - c- African scientists

II. Vocabulary

- 1- Aspirin was _____ by Felix Hoffman.
 - a- invented
 - b- discovered
 - c- found

- 2- He _____ me some information about cars.
a- lost
b- took
c- gave
- 3- He always _____ his promise.
a- keeps
b- misses
c- has
- 4- This bus can _____ 50 passengers.
a- carry
b- lose
c- give
- 5- He is very good at _____ jokes.
a- saying
b- telling
c- doing
- 6- My mother _____ me a nice present on my last birthday.
a- discovered
b- lost
c- gave
- 7- Are you the manager? We'd like to _____ a complaint.
a- do
b- make
c- have
- 8- If you go on doing exercise, you will _____ weight.
a- carry
b- lose
c- keep

9- Long ago, people went to America to _____ gold.

- a- discover
- b- run
- c- learn

10- _____ your homework or your teacher will be angry with you.

- a- Do
- b- Make
- c- Miss

III. Grammar

1- Where _____ these shirts made?

- a- were
- b- did
- c- do

2- My brother _____ me a book recently.

- a- has been bought
- b- was bought
- c- bought

3- I _____ tea in the evening.

- a- am not drunk
- b- don't drink
- c- drinking

4- He was brought up _____ his grandparents.

- a- in
- b- by
- c- from

5- The pharmacy _____ medicines.

- a- sells
- b- are sold
- c- selling

- 6- Have all the dishes _____?
a- been washed
b- washed
c- is washed
- 7- His bike _____ last weekend.
a- repaired
b- was repaired
c- has been repaired
- 8- _____ you always wear jeans?
a- Have
b- Do
c- Are
- 9- They _____ their way because they didn't have a map.
a- lose
b- lost
c- were lost
- 10- _____ English at school?
a- Is he taught
b- Is he teach
c- Has he teach
- 11- While I was doing the shopping, my purse _____.
a- was stolen
b- has stolen
c- is stolen
d- stole
- 12- A delicious cake _____ by my grandmother. I can smell it.
a- is being baked
b- will be baked
c- was baked

d- baked

13- The computer _____ without my permission.

- a- will have used
- b- has been used
- c- have been used
- d- been used

Everyday English:

1- A: May I help you?

B: I want a brown shirt medium size.

This conversation takes place _____ .

- a- at the clothes' shop
- b- at the supermarket
- c- at the post office

2- A: Can I see your ticket and passport, please?

B : Here you are.

This conversation takes place _____.

- a- at the zoo
 - b- at the hotel
 - c- at the airport
-

Test 10

Unit 12 (Pre-intermediate)

I. Reading

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Supervolcano

'Yellowstone National Park, Wyoming, USA'.

A hot July day, and some of the 3 million visitors who come to the park every year are watching one of the geysers erupt. Everyone is impressed, but as they chatter excitedly and eat their ice-creams, not many of them realize that they are standing on top of the largest active volcano in the world. Scientists have known for a long time that Yellowstone is a volcanic area. But the strange thing is that until the 1960s, none of them could find a volcano anywhere in the park. Then, new photos taken by NASA showed the reason why - the whole park, 9,000 square metres of it, is a volcano!

Volcanoes like Yellowstone are called 'supervolcanoes', because they are so huge and dangerous - 1,000 times more powerful than ordinary volcanoes. There are about 40 of them on Earth, but none of them has erupted recently. The most recent was 74,000 years ago in Indonesia. The last time Yellowstone Park erupted was 640,000 years ago.

But what would happen if the Yellowstone volcano erupted again today? Here are the events that might follow:

Day 1-Yellowstone Park, USA

If the volcano erupted, hot ash and rock would shoot up into the air at 250kmph. The cities of Denver and Salt lake would be destroyed immediately, and 87,000 people would die. Eventually the ash would cover

3/4 of the USA, and drinking water and food crops would be contaminated.

Week 1- Europe

The whole of Europe would be covered by a grey cloud. Summer would turn to winter, and in some places the sea would freeze. No European country would be able to grow food for four or five years.

The next 3 months - Worldwide

90% of our sunlight would be blocked and a volcanic winter would cover the Earth. The tropical forests would die and food crops in warm countries, such as India and China, would fail. Only countries near the North and South Poles could carry on as usual. Iceland would do well, because most of its food is grown in special greenhouses. It might be able to send food to the rest of the world,

How likely is it?

Fortunately, scientists at the Yellowstone Volcanic Observatory say that there is no evidence that the volcano will erupt in the near future. They say 'such events are unlikely to happen in the next few centuries'. So we can all get on with our lives and stop worrying, which is good to know.

Choose the correct answer:

1. Yellowstone is called a 'supervolcano' because it is _____.
a- small and dangerous
b- huge and dangerous
c- medium and dangerous
2. The last time when the Yellowstone volcano erupted was _____ years ago.
a- 640,000
b- 670,
c- 650,000
3. If the volcano erupted, _____.
a- hot ash and rock would shoot up into the air at 250kmph
b- the weather would be good for planting

c- people would live near the beaches and enjoy the fine weather

4. Which sentence is **NOT TRUE**?

- a- A lot of people who visit Yellowstone National Park realize that they are standing on top of the largest active volcano in the world.
- b- Volcanoes like Yellowstone are called "supervolcanoes"
- c- If the volcano erupted, 90% of our sunlight would be blocked.

5. Which sentence is **TRUE**?

- a- If the volcano erupted, hot ash and rock would shoot up into the air.
- b- Scientists at the Yellowstone Volcanic Observatory say that there is evidence that the volcano will erupt in the near future.
- c- Only countries in tropical areas could carry on as usual if the volcano erupted.

6. The pronoun "**them**" in paragraph 1 refers to _____.

- a- people
- b- volcanoes
- c- parks

7. The word "**chatter**" means _____.

- a- to make impure or unclean
- b- to hold closely in the arms
- c- to talk fast on a not important subject

II. Vocabulary

1-He is going _____ to his hometown tomorrow.

- a- up
- b- back
- c- out

2-Please, take _____ your shoes before you go in.

- a- on
- b- off
- c- out

3-Ahmad puts _____ a nice red jacket when he goes to school.

- a- off
- b- out
- c- on

4- Can you _____ my baby when I am out?

- a- run out of
- b- put on
- c- look after

5- He doesn't _____ well with his brother. He always argues with his brother.

- a- get on
- b- look forward to
- c- break down

6- They stopped at the nearest petrol station because they _____ petrol.

- a- ran out of
- b- walked out of
- c- fell out with

7- Yesterday my car _____ , so I had to go to the mechanic's.

- a- looked out
- b- broke down
- c- turned round

8-Manal is _____ to attending Sara's wedding.

- a- getting on with
- b- looking forward
- c- falling out with

9- _____ the word in the dictionary. You will know its meaning.

- a- Fall over
- b- Turn off

c- Look up

10- To apply for the job, _____ this form.

a- grow up

b- fill in

c- lie down

III. Grammar: Choose the correct answers:

1-Sara might _____ football in the garden.

a- plays

b- play

c- playing

2-If I _____ my medication, I wouldn't become sick.

a- take

b- took

c- taken

3-If I had time, I _____ watch TV.

a- will

b- would

c- had

4- What would you do if your son _____ the vase?

a- break

b- broke

c- broken

5- If I _____ you, I would study hard.

a- will be

b- were

c- am

6- I _____ come tomorrow. I haven't decided yet.

a- will

- b- must
- c- might

7- Would you travel round the world if you _____ enough money?

- a- had
- b- have
- c- will have

8- If I _____ in a bigger house, I'd invite all my friends.

- a- live
- b- will live
- c- lived

9- I _____ buy an expensive car if I won a lot of money.

- a- will
- b- would
- c- had

10- Manchester United _____ win the match. I'm sure.

- a- might
- b- will
- c- couldn't?

11- If I were a bird, I _____ fly and see many places.

- a- will
- b- would
- c- can

12- People would spend more time at home if there
no restaurants.

- a- were
- b- are
- c- will be

IV. Everyday English

1- **A:** _____

B: Same to you. I hope we both pass.

- a- How do you feel about your exams?
- b- Good luck in your exams!
- c- What are you doing this weekend?
- d- Good idea! Let's go.

2- **A: Did you go out last night?**

B: _____

- a- I would like to leave early today.
- b- No, I didn't. I went to bed early. What about you?
- c- I feel bored and I don't know what to do.
- d- Today the weather is warm and sunny, isn't it?

3- **A:** _____

B: Oh, what a pity! That's when we're away on holiday.

- a- Can I get past, please?
- b- Can you come to my wedding?
- c- Can I have a sandwich and a cup of tea, please?
- d- How are you today?

4- **A:** _____

B: I haven't a clue. But you won't need it. It is a lovely day.

- a- Oh, dear! I can't find my umbrella. Do you know where it is?
- b- That's right. You can come with us to the restaurant and have lunch.
- c- What are the places you would like to visit during your summer vacation?
- d- Why are you so late? The lesson has already started.

5- **A: Let's go for a pizza.**

B: _____

- a- I came here to ask for some information.
- b- Good idea.

c- Why are you so late?

d- What a pity!

6- A: We've decided to get married.

B: _____.

a- Never mind

b- Same to you

c- Congratulations

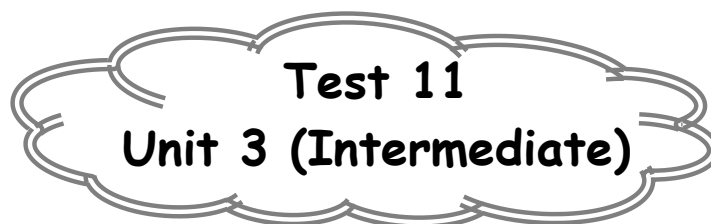
7- A: Do you want to go out for a meal?

B: _____

a- What about you?

b- See you later.

c- Good idea.



I. Reading

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Agatha Mary Clarissa Christie is possibly the world's most famous detective story writer. She wrote 78 novels, and her sales (4 billion copies of her novels) outnumber those of William Shakespeare. However, behind her 4,680,000 words was a painfully shy woman whose life was often lonely and unhappy.

She was born in 1890 in Devon, the third child of Clarissa and Frederick Miller, and grew into a beautiful and sensitive girl. She didn't go to school but was educated by her parents. Her father taught her mathematics through stories and games, and her mother encouraged her to write her own stories. Unfortunately her father died in 1901 when she was 11, and both she and her mother were grief-stricken.

When World War I came in 1914, she became a nurse in a hospital dispensary, which proved very useful to her later career. Many of the murders in her books were carried out by a clever use of drugs and poisons, showing how much she had learnt about them as a nurse.

She wrote her first detective novel, *The Mysterious Affair at Styles*, in 1920. In it she introduced Hercule Poirot, the Belgian detective who appeared in many subsequent novels. Her other main detective was an elderly spinster called Miss Marple, who was based on Agatha's grandmother and her circle of friends. Christie's stories have ingenious plots, and keep the reader guessing who the murderer is until the very end of the story.

In 1914, at the beginning of the war, she married Archibald Christie, but the marriage was unhappy. It didn't last and they divorced in 1926. It was a very difficult time for her, as her much-loved mother had died earlier that year. Agatha suffered a nervous breakdown and one night she abandoned her car and mysteriously disappeared.

She went missing for eleven days and was eventually found in a hotel in Harrogate, in the North of England. Agatha desperately wanted solitude and felt bitter towards the media because the newspapers had given her a hard time over her breakdown and disappearance. She was determined never to let them enter her private life again.

She enjoyed a very happy second marriage to Max Mallowan, an archaeologist, who she met in Baghdad and married in 1930. Her detective skills were a help to him in his excavations in Syria and Iraq. By successfully staying out of the media's spotlight, she ultimately found happiness with her beloved husband. Her best novels were written after 1930, and she continued writing until 1973. She died peacefully in 1976.

- 1- Agatha Christie was educated_____.
- a- by her parents
 - b- at school

- c- by her husband
- d- at the local college

2- In 1914, Agatha Christie became _____.

- a- a teacher in a school
- b- a nurse in a hospital
- c- a famous writer
- d- an archaeologist in Baghdad

3- *The Mysterious Affair at Styles* was Agatha's _____ detective novel.

- a- third
- b- last
- c- first
- d- second

4- Agatha got divorced from _____ in 1926.

- a- Archibald Christie
- b- Max Mallowan
- c- Frederick Miller
- d- Hercule Poirot

5- Agatha's best novels were written _____ 1930.

- a- before
- b- after
- c- during
- d- until

6- Working as a nurse helped Agatha in _____.

- a- writing detective novels
- b- the media
- c- excavation in Syria and Iraq
- d- enjoying a very happy second marriage

7- Agatha Christie wrote _____ novels.

- a- 78

- b- 4 billion
- c- 4,680,000
- d- 4

8- The word "**Her**" in paragraph 4 line 12 refers to_____.

- a- Agatha Christie
- b- the newspapers
- c- Agatha's
- d- the media

9- Which statement is **TRUE**?

- a- Christie is the world's most famous detective story writer.
- b- Max Mallowan was Agatha's first husband.
- c- In 1920, Agatha married Archibald Christie.
- d- Agatha's second husband was a doctor in Iraq.

10- Which statement is **NOT TRUE**?

- a- Agatha's life was often lonely.
- b- Agatha lived a happy life with her second husband.
- c- Unfortunately, Agatha's father died in 1901 when she was 11.
- d- Agatha loved the media.

II. Grammar: Choose the correct answers:

1- I_____ to Riyadh last summer.

- a- went
- b- will go
- c- goes
- d- am going

2- I visited my grandmother two days_____.

- a- last
- b- ago
- c- yesterday
- d- before

3- When the phone rang, I _____ my homework.

- a- was doing
- b- do
- c- did
- d- were doing

4- I _____ in Dammam when I was young.

- a- live
- b- lived
- c- lives
- d- living

5- Maha: When _____ Sara?

Dina: I met her in 2000.

- a- do you meet
- b- you met
- c- you meet
- d- did you meet

6- While I _____ football, it started to rain.

- a- were playing
- b- was playing
- c- played
- d- play

7- I did my homework _____ morning.

- a- ago
- b- always
- c- yesterday
- d- last

8- Father: Did Sara finish her homework?

Mother: No, _____

- a- she didn't.
- b- she not.
- c- she no.

d- she did no.

9- Manager: _____

Nabil: Yes, I did.

a- Did write the report?

b- Did you write the report?

c- You write the report?

d- Did write you the report?

10- Mother: What was Reem doing when I came in?

Father: _____

a- She was studied.

b- She studied.

c- She was studying.

d- She studies.

III. Everyday English

1- A: _____

B: Yes. It was excellent. The room was great.

a- Did you enjoy the football match?

b- Did you like the hotel?

c- Do you like Shakespeare's plays?

d- Are you staying at the hotel?

2-A: Did you like your pizzas?

B: _____

a- I thought it was interesting. I took a lot of notes.

b- I love it. It's got six gears, and it's brilliant on the motorway.

c- They were delicious. John and I had tomato and mozzarella.

d- It was really boring! I fell asleep.

3- A: _____

B: It was a nice break, but the weather wasn't very good.

a- Did you like the hotel?

b- Did you enjoy the football match?

c- Would you like to have a cup of tea?

d- What was your holiday like?

4- A: _____

B: I think they spoil them. They always give them whatever they want.

a- Was the lecture good?

b- What do you think of Jim and Anne's children?

c- Do you like Baker's novels?

d- Did you like the hotel?

5- A: Did you like the football match?

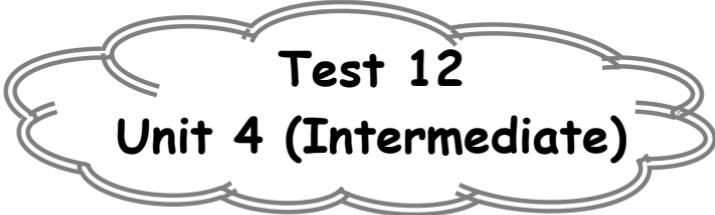
B: _____

a- It was really boring! I fell asleep and missed the only goal!

b- They were delicious. We ate a lot that day.

c- It was excellent. The room was very interesting.

d- I didn't like his first one, but I couldn't put his last one down.



Test 12
Unit 4 (Intermediate)

I. Reading

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Travelling to all corners of the world gets easier and easier. We live in a global village, but this doesn't mean that we all behave in the same way.

How should you behave when you meet someone for the first time? An American or Canadian shakes your hand firmly while looking you straight in the eyes. In many parts of Asia, there is no physical contact at all. In Japan, you should bow, and the more respect you want to show, the deeper you should bow. In Thailand, the greeting is made by pressing both hand together at the chest and bowing your head slightly. In both countries, eye contact is avoided as a sign of respect.

Many countries have rules about what you should and shouldn't wear. In Asian and Muslim countries, you shouldn't reveal the body, especially women, who should wear long sleeved blouses and skirts below the knee.

In Japan, you should take off your shoes when entering a house or a restaurant. Remember to place them neatly together facing the door you came in. This is also true in China, Korea, Thailand, and Iran.

In Italy, Spain, and Latin America, lunch is often the biggest meal of the day, and can last two or three hours. For this reason many people eat a light breakfast and a late dinner. In Britain, you might have a business lunch and do business as you eat. In Mexico and Japan, many people prefer not to discuss business while eating. Lunch is a time to relax and socialize. In Britain and the United States, it's not unusual to have a business meeting over breakfast, and in China it's common to have business banquets, but you shouldn't discuss business during the meal.

In most countries, an exchange of business cards is essential for all introductions. You should include your company name and your position. If you are going to a country where your language is not widely spoken, you can get the reverse side of your card printed in the local language. In Japan, you must present your card with both hands, with the writing facing the person you are giving it to.

In many countries, business hours are from 9.00 or 10.00 to 5.00 or 6.00. However, in some countries, such as Greece, Italy, and Spain, some businesses close in the early afternoon for a couple of hours then remain open until the evening.

Japanese business people consider it their professional duty to go out to restaurants after work with colleagues. If you are invited, you shouldn't refuse, even if you don't feel like staying out late.

Choose the correct answer:

1- In many parts of Asia_____.

- a- you should shake hands to greet someone.
- b- there is no physical contact at all for greeting.
- c- you shouldn't avoid eye contact while greeting.
- d- greeting is a sign of disrespect.

2- In _____, you should take off your shoes when entering a restaurant

- a- Japan
- b- Thailand
- c- Canada
- d- India

3- In Spain, lunch can last for _____

- a- 2 or 3 hours.
- b- 2 or 3 minutes.
- c- 3 or 4 hours.
- d- 3 or 4 minutes.

4- In Britain and the US, _____ to discuss business over breakfast.

- a- you aren't allowed to
- b- you can't
- c- you mustn't
- d- it isn't unusual

5- In most countries, _____

- a- you must exchange your card for all introductions.
- b- you may take your Visa card.
- c- you do not have to come early.
- d- you shouldn't watch TV.

6- In Spain, _____ is the biggest meal of the day.

- a- lunch
- b- dinner
- c- snack
- d- breakfast

- 7- In Japan, you _____ an invitation to a restaurant after work
- a- must refuse
 - b- shouldn't refuse
 - c- have to refuse
 - d- may refuse
- 8- Which statement is **TRUE**?
- a- In a few countries, an exchange of business cards is essential for all introductions.
 - b- In America, you should take off your shoes when entering a house or a restaurant.
 - c- In Italy, lunch is the biggest meal of the day.
 - d- People can discuss business while eating in Mexico.
- 9- Which statement is **NOT TRUE**?
- a- In China, it is common to have business banquets.
 - b- In China, you should take off your shoes when entering a house.
 - c- In Mexico, lunch time is to relax and socialize.
 - d- In China, it is common to discuss business during meals.
- 10- In paragraph 4 line 2, the pronoun **them** refers to _____.
- a- the business cards
 - b- shoes
 - c- the people
 - d- your company name

II. Grammar

- 1- You must _____ hard for your exam.
- a- to study
 - b- study
 - c- studying
 - d- studied
- 2- Old woman: _____ you help me?

Young man: Sure, how can I help you?

- a- Must
- b- Should
- c- Could
- d- Have

3- I _____go shopping next week. I went last week.

- a- have not
- b- have to not
- c- have not to
- d- don't have to

4- You are not _____to wear Abayas in the classroom.

- a- can
- b- allowed
- c- have
- d- must

5- I _____to stay out late. My parents are very strict.

- a- can
- b- have to
- c- am not allowed
- d- could not

6- You _____drive if you are tired. It's dangerous.

- a- shouldn't
- b- not must
- c- not should
- d- should

7- Give me a call later. We _____go shopping together.

- a- have
- b- don't have
- c- can
- d- had

8- You _____ buy whatever you want with a Visa card. It's up to you.

- a- can
- b- have
- c- should
- d- must

9- I _____ wear a uniform at school. I can't go to school without it.

- a- have to
- b- allowed
- c- can
- d- has to

10- He _____ to work to earn his living.

- a- can
- b- should
- c- has
- d- must

III. Everyday English: Choose the correct answers:

1- Faten: Would you mind if I closed the door?

Huda: _____

- a- Well, I'm a little busy right now.
- b- Please.
- c- No, not at all.
- b- I'm fine.

2- A: _____

B: Yes, sir. I'll bring it right away.

- a- Can I help you?
- b- Could you bring us the bill, please?
- c- Could I have extension 238, please?
- d- How about Could I have your mobile number please?

3- A: _____

B: **No problem. It's stuffy in here.**

- a- Would you give me your work number, please?
- b- Would you mind opening the window?
- c- Can I help you?
- d- I'll give you a lift if you like.

4- A: **Could I have extension 238, please?**

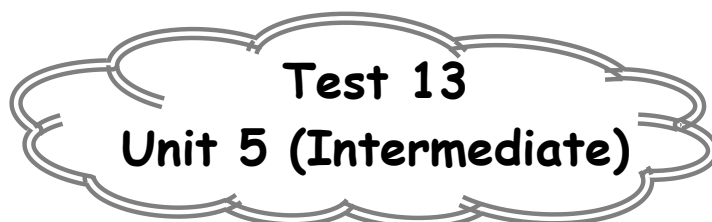
B: _____

- a- White or black?
- b- Yes, sir. I'll bring it right away.
- c- The line is engaged. Would you like to hold?
- d- Shall I give you my mobile number?

5- A: _____

B: **Just looking, thanks.**

- a- Can I come with you?
- b- Could you open the door, please?
- c- Can I help you?
- d- Can you help me with my homework?



I. Reading

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Kevin's ideal holiday has a little bit of everything. He likes lazing on the beach with a pile of books, but then he gets bored and needs to do something. He likes exploring new places, especially on foot, and nosing around in shops, museums, and restaurants. He is very into trying local foods.

However, he must confess that his favourite "holiday resort" is home. He travels so much in his job that just waking up in his own bed is heaven. He potters around the house in his pyjamas, reads the paper, does some gardening, shops for some food, then makes a delicious meal in the evening and watches a film on TV.

He has three trips coming up. He is looking forward to going to Canada soon, where he is staying for four nights at the Ice Hotel. This is a giant igloo situated in Montmorency Fall Park, just 20 minutes from downtown Quebec. It is made from 4,500 tons of snow and 250 tons of ice, and it takes 5 weeks to build. It will stay open for three months. When the spring arrives, it will melt. Then it will be built again next year- maybe in a different place! Each room is supplied with a sleeping bag made from deer skins. The hotel has two art galleries featuring ice sculptures, and an ice cinema.

Choose the correct answers:

- 1- Kevin's favourite "holiday resort" is _____.
 a- home
 b- office
 c- museums

- 2- The Ice Hotel is in _____.
 a- Abu Dhabi
 b- Canada
 c- England

- 3- Kevin likes pottering around the house in his _____.
 a- training suit
 b- uniform
 c- pyjamas

- 4- The underlined word "It" refers to _____.
 a- the trip
 b- the Ice Hotel

c- the stay

5- In his room in the Ice Hotel, Kevin can sleep _____.

a- on a bed

b- on a sofa

c- in a sleeping bag

6- The Ice Hotel has an ice _____.

a- Theatre

b- library

c- cinema

Choose True/ False:

7- Kevin's ideal holiday is when he travels abroad.

True

False

8- Kevin likes trying local foods.

True

False

9- Kevin is going to the USA very soon.

True

False

10- The Ice Hotel takes 5 weeks to build.

True

False

II Vocabulary

1- It's _____ today. The sun is shining.

a- rainy

b- sunny

c- foggy

2- The wind is _____ strongly. The trees are moving and the leaves are falling.

a- shining

- b- raining
- c- blowing

3- In _____ weather, driving can be dangerous because drivers can't see clearly.

- a- sunny
- b- foggy
- c- cold

4- The roads are _____. Ice is everywhere and it's hard to drive.

- a- shining
- b- windy
- c- icy

5- It's cold when it is _____.

- a- sunny
- b- snowy
- c- hot

6- When it's _____, we can't see the sun.

- a- shining
- b- warm
- c- cloudy

7- Water is everywhere. It has been _____ all day.

- a- snowing
- b- raining
- c- blowing

8- In dry countries, it rarely _____.

- a- rains
- b- shines
- c- moves

9- Children make a snowman with _____.

- a- rain

- b- sun
- c- snow

10- In very cold areas, the weather is often _____.

- a- snowy
- b- hot
- c- sunny

III. Grammar

1- There are a lot of clouds in the sky. I think it _____ to rain.

- a- will
- b- is going
- c- is

2- What _____ this evening?

- a- do you do
- b- are you doing
- c- have you do

3- I _____ shopping next weekend.

- a- go
- b- went
- c- am going

4- A: Oh! It's hot in here!

B: I _____ the window.

- a- will open
- b- am going to open
- c- open

5- A: "It's Gina's birthday next week."

B: Is it? I didn't know. I _____ her a card.

- a- am going to send
- b- will send
- c- sending

6- A: Where are you spending your weekend?

B: I haven't decided yet. I _____ my friend.

a- might visit

b- visited

c- going to visit

7- A: We don't have bread for dinner.

B: I _____ two loaves.

a- get

b- am going to get

c- will get

8- _____ to Italy this summer?

a- Is he travelling

b- Does he travelling

c- Has he travel

9- A : The phone is ringing!

B: Ok _____ it.

a- I am going to answer

b- I'll answer

c- I answer

10- Jill _____ to London next month.

a- flew

b- is flying

c- has flown

IV. Everyday English

1- A: _____

B: **Of course. Hop in!**

a- Can you bring me a cup of coffee?

b- Can you take us to the airport?

c- Can you carry the bag for me?

d- Can I help you?

2- A: _____

B: Take the Piccadilly Line, eastbound, and change at Green park.

a- How are you doing?

b- How do I get to Oxford Circus?

c- How is the weather today?

d- How did you find your holiday?

3- A: **Can I take these bags on with me?**

B: _____

a- No, thank you. It's easy for me to carry both of them.

b- I'm sorry. Only one item of hand luggage per passenger.

c- I'd like to book a single room for two nights, please.

d- The weather is very nice today. We can go then.

4- A: **Excuse me; I think those seats facing the front are ours.**

B: _____

a- Thank you we can sit here and watch the film.

b- Oh, I'm sorry. We didn't know they were reserved.

c- Stand up and let's go. We are so late.

d- Our friends are coming now.

5- A: _____

B: Thanks a lot. Do you want a hand with these bags?

a- That's all right. You can keep the change.

b- He is coming. You can wait here.

c- I think we are landing on time, aren't we?

d- Can you open the window, please?

Test 14

Unit 6 (Intermediate)

I. Reading

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Global PIZZA

So you thought the burger was the world's most popular fast food? In fact, there is another truly universal fast food, the ultimate fast food. It's easy to make, easy to serve, much more varied than the burger, can be eaten with the hands, and it's delivered to your front door or served in fancy restaurants. It's been one of America's favourite foods for over 50 years. It is, of course, the pizza.

A brief history of Pizza

It's kind of silly to talk about the moment when pizza was 'invented'. It gradually evolved over the years, but one thing's for certain - it's been around for a very long time. The idea of using pieces of flat, round bread as plates came from the Greeks. They called **them** 'plakuntos' and ate them with various simple toppings such as oil, garlic, onions, and herbs. The Romans enjoyed eating something similar and called it 'picea'. By about 1000 A.D. in the city of Naples, 'picea' had become 'pizza' and people were experimenting with more toppings: cheese, meat, anchovies, and finally the tomato brought to Italy from Mexico and Peru in the sixteenth century. Naples became the pizza capital of the world. In 1889, King Umberto and Queen Margherita heard about pizza and asked to try it. They invited pizza maker, Raffaele Esposito, to make it for them. He decided to make the pizza like the Italian flag, so he used red tomatoes, white mozzarella cheese, and green basil leaves. The Queen loved it and the new pizza was named 'Pizza Margherita' in her honour. Pizza migrated to America with the Italians at the end of the nineteenth century. The first pizzeria in the United States was opened in 1905 at 53½ Spring Street, New York City, by Gennaro Lombardi. But the popularity of pizza really exploded when American soldiers returned from Italy after

World War II and raved about 'that great Italian dish'. Americans are now the greatest producers and consumers of pizza in the world .

Pizza Trivia

- 1- Americans eat 350 slices of pizza per second .
- 2- There are over 60,000 pizzerias in the United States.
- 3- Pizza is a \$36 billion per year industry .
- 4- October is national pizza month in the United States.
- 5- The world's first pizzeria, the Antica Pizzeria Port' Alba, which opened in Naples in 1830, is still there.
- 6- Pizza Hut has over 34,000 restaurants and takeaway outlets in over 100 countries .
- 7- In America, anchovies is the least favourite topping .
- 8- In Japan, eel, lobster and squid are favourites. In Russia it's salmon and onions .
- 9- In Brazil, they like green peas on their pizza. In Australia the favourites are prawn and pineapple .
- 10- The French love crème fraîche on theirs. The English love olives, tuna and sweet corn .

Choose the correct answer:

- 1- _____ is the world's most popular fast food.
 - a- The burger
 - b- French fries
 - c- The pizza
 - d- green salad
- 2- The Greeks made _____ and ate them with various simple toppings.
 - a- picea
 - b- pizza
 - c- plakuntos
 - d- pepper
- 3- Picea was similar to _____.

- a- plakuntos
 - b- burgers
 - c- macaroni
 - d- spaghetti
- 4- _____ became the pizza capital of the world.
- a- Rome
 - b- Greece
 - c- Naples
 - d- Mexico
- 5- Pizza Margherita was named in the honour of _____.
- a- Margaret Tauter
 - b- Queen Margherita
 - c- Princess Margaret
 - d- Lady Margaret
- 6- In 1905 _____.
- a- the World War II started in Italy and France.
 - b- America was discovered by Italian explorers.
 - c- the first pizzeria was opened in New York.
 - d- Greece invented pizza
- 7- Which people are the greatest producers and consumers of pizza in the world?
- a- The Italians
 - b- The Greeks
 - c- The Americans
 - d- The British
- 8- The word "them" in paragraph 2 refers to _____.
- a- picea
 - b- pizza
 - c- plakuntos
 - d- dishes

9- Which statement is **TRUE**?

- a- Queen Margherita didn't like the pizza made for her.
- b- The burger is more popular than the pizza.
- c- Greeks ate plakuntos with garlic, onions, herbs and other toppings.
- d- The pizza made for Queen Margherita was later called "vegetarian".

10- Which statement is **NOT TRUE**?

- a- Tomatoes were brought to Italy from America and Canada.
- b- The pizza made for Queen Margherita was like the Italian flag.
- c- Meat, cheese, anchovies are some of the pizza toppings.
- d- Raffaele Esposito, the pizza maker, made King Umberto and Queen Margtherita pizza.

II. Vocabulary

1- You can use fresh or _____ fish.

- a- junk
- b- fast
- c- frozen
- d- tasteless

2. 'The meal was absolutely _____ , ' she said politely.

- a- capital
- b- delicious
- c- excited
- d- busy

3. Jeddah is _____ city. It has people from many different parts of the world.

- a- a cosmopolitan
- b- an agricultural
- c- a polluted
- d- a young

4. Washington, D.C. is the _____ city of the United States.
a- fast
b- plain
c- capital
d- university
5. My brother is _____. He likes to meet and spend time with people.
a- sociable
b- shy
c- rude
d- young
6. _____ people can give good pieces of advice.
a- Rude
b- Elderly
c- Tall
d- Bored
- 7- _____ dishes are often healthy.
a- Starving
b- Disgusting
c- Plain
d- Busy
- 8- Malaysia has old and _____ buildings.
a- modern
b- fresh
c- shy
d- bored
- 9- Alexandria is an _____ city. It was built many years ago.
a- outgoing
b- ancient
c- young
d- excited

10- I like my mother's _____ dishes. She is an excellent cook.

- a- disgusting
- b- delicious
- c- tasteless
- d- tall

11. My sister is very _____. She is very friendly and has a lot of friends at school.

- a- outgoing
- b- sophisticated
- c- starving
- d- antique

12. Jeddah has a lot of malls and fun places to visit. I think it is a/ an city.

- a- polluted
- b- home
- c- industrial
- d- exciting

II Grammar

1- What's their house _____?

- a- likes
- b- is
- c- like
- d- like to

2. A: What's Julie like?

B: _____

- a- She is fine.
- b- She is friendly and nice.
- c- She doesn't like football
- d- She'd like to go on a camping trip.

3. Ahmed _____?

Basel: He'd like to go horse riding.

- a- What is Faisal like?
- b- What does Faisal like doing?
- c- What would Faisal like to do?
- d- How is Faisal?

4- I want _____ me with my homework.

- a- you help
- b- you to help
- c- you helping
- d- you helped

5- I am looking forward to _____ from you.

- a- hear
- b- hearing
- c- to hear
- d- heard

6- He enjoys _____ scary movies.

- a- watching
- b- to watch
- c- watch
- d- watched

7- Let me _____ when you are coming to London.

- a- to know
- b- knows
- c- know
- d- knew

8- A: _____?

B: It's lovely! A perfect day for a picnic.

- a- How are you?
- b- What do you like?
- c- What's the weather like?

d- Where would you like to go?

9- He promised _____ early tomorrow.

- a- come
- b- me to come
- c- coming
- d- came

10- I'd like _____ you. What's a good time to call?

- a- call
- b- calling
- c- called
- d- to call

IV. Everyday English

Where would you see these sentences?

1- " For External Use Only"

- a- On medicine boxes
- b- At the airport
- c- In restaurants
- d- At schools

2- " Arrivals"

- a- At home
- b- In the kitchen
- c- At the airport
- d- In traffic

3- " Dry Clean Only"

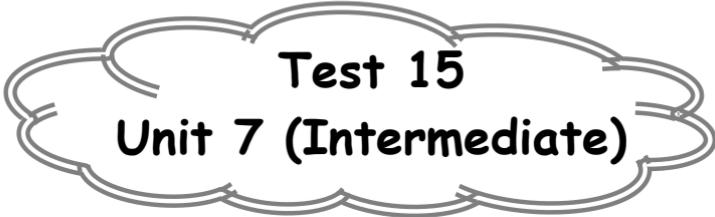
- a- On clothes
- b- At cafés
- c- On the bus
- d- In parks

4- " Baggage reclaim"

- a- At home
- b- In classrooms
- c- At the airport
- d- On a desk

5- " Please place your tray tables in their fully upright and locked positions"

- a- In taxis
- b- In airplanes
- c- On phones
- d- In the country



Test 15
Unit 7 (Intermediate)

I. Reading

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Dream Jobs

Stanley Karras works as a meteorologist in Tampa, Florida. It's his job to follow hurricanes by plane and provide information about them to scientists.

How did you get the job?

I was working for the National Meteorological Office in Bracknell, near London, in the autumn of 1999, and I saw a documentary with my family called *Stormchasers*. It was about hurricane hunters and I thought, 'Wow, that's an interesting job!' As it happened, two months later I came across an ad in a newspaper for a meteorologist to work in Florida with the same people who had made the documentary. I applied, was interviewed over the phone, moved to the US, and started work here in Tampa in May 2000.

What do you like most about it?

I love the travel. Chasing hurricanes has taken me all over the world. It's exciting to end up in different cities and different countries day after day. If you're a meteorologist, you have to love flying. I also love working with top scientists. I've learned so much from them and we've had a lot of exciting times together. For me, it's like a classroom in the sky.

What's an average day like?

There's no such thing as an average day in my job! It all depends on the weather, and you can't control that. It's constantly changing. We often take off at a moment's notice to chase storms. I'm the one who decides whether we fly low through a storm. I don't want to take us into a hurricane that could be particularly nasty. There's a lot on my shoulders.

Have you made any sacrifices to do this job?

Yes, one big one. I'm so far away from my family. They all live in the UK. My wife's with me, of course, but her family is also in the UK, so we're pretty cut off from them all over here.

What would you Like to do next?

I'd like to join a space programme and be the first meteorologist in space, but I haven't come up with an experiment to do in space yet. There aren't any hurricanes!

What advice would you give to someone who wanted to do your job?

Study maths and science and get a degree in meteorology. There are many areas in meteorology to study. I've taken the hurricane hunter path, but you could be a weather forecaster or do research in other areas. It's a fascinating subject and the pay's pretty good.

Choose the correct answer:

1- What is Stanley Karras? He is _____.

- a- an engineer
- b- a meteorologist
- c- a builder
- d- an officer

2- What does Stanley do in his job?

- a- He writes weather reports in his office.

- b- He follows hurricanes by plane.
 - c- He works in a spaceship.
 - d- He studies at university and does research.
- 3- How did he know about the job?
- a- He came across an ad in a newspaper.
 - b- A friend told him about the job.
 - c- His father had a company and he went to work there.
 - d- Stanley's uncle asked him to work with him.
- 4- What does Stanley like about his job?
- a- He likes the salary because it can help him travel around the world and see more countries.
 - b- He thinks it's exciting to end up in different cities and different countries day after day.
 - c- He'd like to be famous and make a documentary about hurricanes.
 - d- He likes becoming a scientist and studying more about stars and planets.
- 5- Why does Stanley sometimes fly low through a storm?
- a- Because he doesn't want to fly high.
 - b- Because he doesn't want to be taken into a hurricane that could be nasty.
 - c- Because he wants to see the oceans and the green fields.
 - d- Because he likes flying low in a plane.
- 6- What is Stanley's plan for the future?
- a- He wants to become a scientist and do scientific experiments in his own lab.
 - b- He wants to join a university and study meteorology and do some research.
 - c- He wants to join a space programme and be the first meteorologist in space.
 - d- He wants to travel to the moon and get some samples to use in his experiments.

- 7- Stanley advises people who want to have his job to study_____.
a- history and languages
b- engineering and architecture
c- math and science
d- medicine
- 8- The word "**them**" in paragraph 3 refers to_____.
a- Stanley and his colleagues
b- top scientists
c- Stanley's friends
d- chasers
- 9- Which statement is **TRUE**?
a- Stanley is looking for another job.
b- Stanley works in Tampa, Florida.
c- Stanley makes documentaries.
d- A meteorologist has a bad salary.
- 10- Which statement is **NOT TRUE**?
a- Stanley's family lives with him in Tampa, Florida.
b- Stanley is a storm chaser.
c- After the interview over the phone, Stanley moved to the US.
d- Stanley has learned a lot from the top scientists who he works with.

II. Vocabulary

- 1- If you don't know the meaning of this word, use a dictionary to_____.
a- look it up
b- turn it on
c- put it on
d- take it off
- 2- _____ your jacket. It's hot in here.
a- Get on
b- Look out
c- Take off
d- Cut off

- 3- We _____ sugar. We need to buy some at the supermarket.
a- put up with
b- ran out of
c- get on with
d- came up with
- 4- I'm _____ living in my new flat.
a- looking forward to
b- looking up
c- looking out
d- looking at
- 5- He _____ of the window at the sunset.
a- looked up
b- looked for
c- looked out
d- looked at
- 6- How can you _____ such a noise? It's terrible.
a- run out of
b- put up with
c- look forward to
d- come up with
- 7- I _____ an old book when I was at the bookshop last week. It was a nice surprise.
a- ran out
b- came across
c- looked up
d- took off
- 8- The plane _____ and landed on time last flight.
a- took off
b- looked out
c- turned on

d- came across

9- Can you turn the TV _____? I'd like to watch my favourite programme.

- a- off
- b- on
- c- over
- d- up

10- Do you _____ with your brother?

- a- get on well
- b- run out of
- c- look up
- d- come across

11- He _____ a nice idea for spending the next weekend. We all liked it.

- a- took off
- b- came up with
- c- got on with
- d- ran out of

12. Our neighbours have a big party but I cannot _____ the noise from the music. I have an exam tomorrow.

- a- run out of
- b- look up
- c- put up with
- d- get on

13. _____ your shoes at the door. They are very dirty.

- a- Come across
- b- Take off
- c- Look up
- d- Take up

III. Grammar

- 1- They _____ here since 2009.
a- have lived
b- lived
c- have been lived
d- are living

- 2- My father's car _____ to the mechanic's.
a- has taken
b- has been taken
c- is taking
d- takes

- 3- I haven't finished my work _____.
a- yet
b- just
c- ago
d- never

- 4- Have you _____ been to Paris?
a- yet
b- just
c- ever
d- since

- 5- When _____ you born?
a- are
b- have
c- were
d- have been

- 6- My bedroom _____ three times so far.
a- has painted
b- has been painted
c- painted

d- is painting

7- I travelled to London two years _____.

- a- yet
- b- since
- c- for
- d- ago

8- I _____ an email.

- a- have sent just
- b- send have just
- c- have just sent
- d- just have sent

9- How many books _____ so far?

- a- have you written
- b- have you been written
- c- you have written
- d- you have been written

10- He _____ two prizes so far.

- a- given
- b- has been given
- c- be given
- d- been given

IV. Everyday English

1- A: _____

B: I'm afraid Mr. Jackson's in a meeting.

- a- Can I help you?
- b- Can I speak to Mr. Jackson, please?
- c- Could you give me some information, please?
- d- Can I call later?

2- A: Can I have extension 2173, please?

B: _____

- a- No, thank you. I can manage.
- b- Yes, please can I stay online?
- c- The line's busy at the moment.
- d- The waiter will come in a moment.

3- A: I'm afraid Mrs. Alice is not in her office at the moment.

Would you like to leave a message?

B: _____

- a- No, don't worry. I'll call later.
- b- Oh, dear! Where are you at the moment?
- c- What a wonderful surprise! I can't believe my eyes.
- d- I will come to see you very soon.

4- A: Can I speak to Mr. Smith, please?

B: _____

- a- I don't know what to do.
- b- Speaking.
- c- Writing.
- d- Have a nice day!

5- A: _____

B: I'm putting you through now.

- a- Can I have extension 3984?
 - b- You can leave a message.
 - c- Call later.
 - d- Of course I will come on time.
-

Test 16

Unit 8 (Intermediate)

I. Reading

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Giving Away Your Money

Many rich people are ambitious and hard-working, some are mean and uncaring, but others see their enormous wealth as an opportunity to be generous to people less fortunate than themselves. These are philanthropists.

19th century philanthropists

The two richest men in history, America's Rockefeller and Carnegie, both 19th century industrialists, were great philanthropists. Carnegie, who built the US steel industry, was once a factory worker. Like many philanthropists, he made his own way to the top, and never forgot the difficulties faced by ordinary people. He gave over \$350m to libraries, schools, and universities, and started his own Foundation for International Peace. He believed that the rich should use their money to improve society. He said, 'if a man dies rich, he dies disgraced'.

Modern philanthropists

Today's philanthropists have billions, not millions, to give away. The most famous modern philanthropist is Bill Gates, who dropped out of university to start his own company, Microsoft. Gates would easily be the richest man in the world if he didn't give so much money to charity. The *Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation* is the largest private foundation in the world and donates \$1.5bn a year, much of it to fund health projects in Africa.

Chuck Feeney, another American businessman, started as a radio operator and then made his fortune opening airport shops. 'I had an idea that you should use your wealth to help people', he says. 'I try to live a normal life, the way I grew up. I set out to work hard, not to get rich'.

Feeney put \$9bn into *The Atlantic Philanthropies*, which funds medical programs in many countries, including South Africa, and Vietnam. He doesn't own a house or car and flies economy class. His biographer says Feeney isn't a typical billionaire: 'If you saw him in the street he'd probably be wearing an old raincoat, and he'd be picking up bits of rubbish and putting it in rubbish bins'.

Modern philanthropists are practical, and bring business skills as well as money to their charitable work. Many give to universities, knowing that if they fund research, it will result in knowledge that helps all of society. Mark Evans of Coutts Wealth Management in London gives advice to donors, he believes that successful philanthropy is enjoyable: 'The people we work with say that they have more fun giving the money away than they ever did making it'.

Philanthropy around the world

Philanthropy has always been important in the Muslim world, where *zakat* makes it a duty to give part of one's income to charity. Sheik Mohammed bin Rashid Al Maktoum of Dubai has given \$10bn, one of the largest donations in history, to create an educational foundation in the Middle East. Saudi banking billionaire Sheikh Suleiman Al Rajhi, who started life as a cook and a porter, founded the Suleiman Al Rajhi University, and has recently announced that he will donate most of his \$6bn fortune to charity.

In 2011 China became the country with the second highest number of billionaires after America, and now has its own big philanthropists. Cao Dewang started as a salesman for a car window company, and is now Director of Fuyao Glass. He has given away over \$750m, mostly to the China Foundation for Poverty Alleviation. When asked why he works 16 hours a day, Cao replied: 'To get rid of poverty. I grew up in poverty, I know what poverty is. In my life there is too much leisure. And if I played three games of golf, I'd spend the equivalent of a year's salary for a Chinese farmer.'

Choose the correct answer

- 1- The *Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation* is _____ in the world.
 - a- the largest private foundation
 - b- a foundation for poverty alleviation
 - c- a part of the Microsoft Company
 - d- a new university

- 2- A philanthropist is the person who is _____.
 - a- ambitious and hard-working
 - b- mean and uncaring
 - c- wealthy and generous
 - d- less fortunate

- 3- The two richest men in history are _____.
 - a- Bill Gates and Sheik Mohammed bin Rashid Al Maktoum
 - b- Sheik Mohammed bin Rashid Al Maktoum and Cao Dewang
 - c- Rockefeller and Carnegie
 - d- Cao Dewang and Sheikh Suleiman Al Rajhi

- 4- Chuck Feeney started his fortune by _____.
 - a- funding medical programs
 - b- opening airport shops
 - c- picking up bits of rubbish and putting it in rubbish bins
 - d- wearing an old raincoat

- 5- Cao Dewang has given away over _____ million dollars to the China Foundation for Poverty Alleviation.
 - a- 750
 - b- 7
 - c- 50
 - d- 5

- 6- _____ founded the Suleiman Al Rajhi University.
 - a- Sheik Mohammed bin Rashid Al Maktoum
 - b- Mark Evans

- c- Bill Gates
- d- d- Sheikh Suleiman Al Rajhi

7- Why does Cao Dewang work 16 hours a day? _____.

- a- To get rid of poverty
- b- Because he doesn't own a house or a car
- c- Because he's a salesman
- d- For no reason

8- What does the underlined pronoun "He" refer to?

- a- Bill Gates
- b- Cao Dewang
- c- Sheik Mohammed bin Rashid Al Maktoum
- d- Chuck Feeney

9- Which statement is **TRUE**?

- a- Modern philanthropists are not practical, and they don't like bringing business skills to their charitable work.
- b- Philanthropy has not been important in the Muslim world.
- c- In 2001, China became the country with the second highest number of billionaires after America.
- d- Sheik Mohammed bin Rashid Al Maktoum of Dubai has given \$10bn to the China Foundation for Poverty Alleviation.

10- Which statement is **NOT TRUE**?

- a- Chuck Feeney started as a radio operator.
- b- Bill Gates dropped out of university to start his own company, Microsoft.
- c- Sheikh Suleiman Al Rajhi started his life as a Saudi banking billionaire.
- d- Cao Dewang started as a salesman for a car window company.

II. Vocabulary

1- A: "This is a good book."

B: "It's not only good, but it's also _____. I've read it three times so far, and I still find it very interesting."

- a- exhausting
- b- tired
- c- fantastic
- d- disgusting

2- I was _____ when I saw how big the gift was.

- a- amazed
- b- fantastic
- c- exhausting
- d- hungry

3- The baby was _____. She ate two more meals than usual.

- a- amazed
- b- starving
- c- thrilled
- d- delicious

4- That food is _____. I'm going to order another meal to take home.

- a- hungry
- b- tired
- c- amazed
- d- delicious

5- When the child saw the bike he got for his birthday, he was _____.

- a- thrilled
- b- delicious
- c- awful
- d- disgusting

- 6- I saw a comedy film yesterday. It was _____.
a- amazed
b- hilarious
c- starving
d- hungry
- 7- After studying for 24 hours, I feel really _____.
a- exhausted
b- hilarious
c- delicious
d- tasty
- 8- The party I attended yesterday was _____. I couldn't stand it, and I left very early.
a- delicious
b- hungry
c- tasty
d- horrible
- 9- Sarah was _____ yesterday night. She heard strange sounds coming from that dark room.
a- hilarious
b- starving
c- terrified
d- tasty
- 10- The child's mother was _____ with him when she knew that he broke her favourite vase.
a- tasty
b- furious
c- delicious
d- hungry

III. Grammar

- 1- If it rains, I _____ at home.
a- would stay
b- will stay
c- stay
d- stayed

- 2- Go home and have some rest if you _____ ill.
a- will feel
b- felt
c- feel
d- were feeling

- 3- If I _____ \$5 million, I would buy an island.
a- have
b- has
c- had
d- having

- 4- You have to work hard if you _____ to succeed.
a- want
b- wants
c- wanted
d- wanting

- 5- What _____ you do if you saw a snake?
a- will
b- would
c- can
d- have

- 6- If you are late, we _____ wait for you.
a- wouldn't
b- won't
c- haven't

d- hadn't

7- If you finished your work, you _____ a break.

- a- can take
- b- could take
- c- could took
- d- can takes

8- If you _____ help, who would you ask?

- a- needs
- b- need
- c- needed
- d- will need

9- If I _____ my job, I will search for a new one.

- a- lost
- b- will lose
- c- am losing
- d- lose

10- _____ you open the door for me?

- a- If
- b- Would
- c- What
- d- Who

11- If I have time, I _____ you at the weekend.

- a- to see
- b- 'll see
- c- 'd see
- d- saw

12- If I _____ some money, I'd go on holiday.

- a- had
- b- have
- c- 'll have

d- 'd have

IV. Everyday English

1- A: "I need to buy many things for our trip tomorrow."

B: _____

- a- "If I were you, I'd get a job."
- b- "Let's go shopping!"
- c- "Why don't you go for a walk?"
- d- "You'd better call your parents."

2- A: "My head is killing me, and my nose is running."

B: _____

- a- "Why don't you go to the beach?"
- b- "You should play basketball."
- c- "You should go to bed and drink something hot."
- d- "Oh that's great!"

3- A: "I feel bored, and there's nothing on TV tonight."

B: _____

- a- "You should see the doctor."
- b- "Let's go out and have a pizza."
- c- "You should ask your parents about it."
- d- "I can lend you some money."

4- A: "I've just got a new job in Japan, and I don't know any Japanese."

B: _____

- a- "I can lend you some money"
- b- "Why don't you take a Japanese language course?"
- c- "You should see the doctor."
- d- "Let's go out and have a pizza."

5- A: "I need a new car soon, and I don't think I have enough money."

B: _____

- a- "Why don't you get a loan from the bank?"
- b- "You should see the doctor."
- c- "Let's go out and have a pizza."
- d- "You should play basketball."

6- A: _____

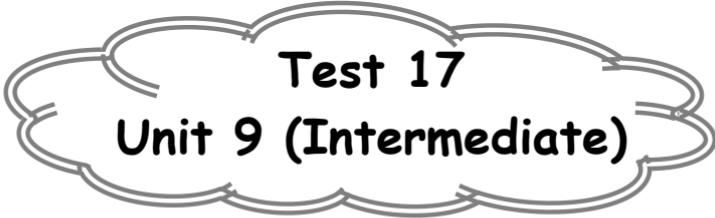
B: That's a good idea

- a- Let's have a cup of tea!
- b- That would be great.
- c- I don't feel like it.

7- A: **If I were you, I'd study harder.**

B: _____.

- a- I like shopping.
- b- Good idea, but I'm bored.
- c- My sister is sick.



Test 17
Unit 9 (Intermediate)

I. Vocabulary

1- You can depend on him. He is very _____.

- a- reliable
- b- moody
- c- lazy

2- She always chats to her friends. She is really _____.

- a- untidy
- b- talkative
- c- shy

3- He wants to get a good job in the future. He is very _____.

- a- ambitious
- b- reserved
- c- easy going

4- My brother is very _____. He has a lot of friends.

- a- sensitive
- b- impatient
- c- sociable

5- Hind is very _____. She often gives presents to her friends.

- a- generous
- b- lazy
- c- talkative

6- His room is always messy. He is _____.

- a- moody
- b- talkative
- c- untidy

7- His boss likes him because he is a _____ employee.

- a- lazy
- b- hardworking
- c- moody

8- Marwan gets annoyed very easily. He is _____.

- a- generous
- b- shy
- c- impatient

9- He is very _____. He doesn't want to do anything. He just wants to sit and do nothing.

- a- lazy
- b- hardworking
- c- sociable

10- Don't be _____! You should meet new people and have friends.

- a- optimistic
- b- shy
- c- ambitious

II. Grammar

1- Adel drives a Rolls Royce. He _____ rich.

- a- must be
- b- can't be
- c- couldn't be

2- Huda isn't at home. She _____ shopping. I'm not sure.

- a- must be
- b- might be
- c- can't be

3- The streets are wet today. It _____ raining all night yesterday.

- a- can't have been
- b- must have been
- c- could have been

4- Hanaa forgot her camera. She _____ any photos.

- a- must have taken
- b- couldn't have taken
- c- could have taken

5- I can't find my keys. I _____ them at home.

- a- can't forget
- b- must have forgotten
- c- could have forget

6- It _____ have been Bill that you met at the library. I am sure. Bill is still in France.

- a- must
- b- can't

c- could

7- You must _____ hard before exams.

a- to study

b- studying

c- study

8- He might have _____ his friend at the party last night.

a- meet

b- met

c- meeting

9- We _____ the sea from our room.

a- can to see

b- can see

c- can seeing

10- You _____ ill. You look very tired.

a- can't

b- don't be

c- must be

11- She never speaks to anyone. She _____ very shy.

a- can't be

b- couldn't be

c- must be

12- They look very young. They _____ a son of twenty.

a- can't have

b- could have

c- must have

13- A: Do you know where Ahmed is?

B: He _____ at home. I'm not sure.

a- might

b- must be

c- can't be

Everyday English:

1-A:I'm going to university next year.

B: _____.

a- so do I

b- so am I

c- neither do I

2- A:I don't play basketball.

B: _____.

a- neither do I

b- so do

c- so am I



Test 18

Unit 10 (Intermediate)

I. Vocabulary

1- I love chocolate. I really _____ it.

a- can't stand

b- adore

c- hate

d- dislike

2- I hate eating meat. In fact, I _____ it.

a- adore

b- love

c- loathe

d- like

3- Faisal is _____ about football. He likes watching football matches a lot.

- a- fed up
- b- crazy
- c- not that keen
- d- fond

4- I don't like Mr. Jack. I even _____ talking to him.

- a- adore
- b- love
- c- can't bear
- d- can't wait

5- They are very _____ of their children. They give them what they need.

- a- fond
- b- crazy
- c- keen
- d- serious

6- He's _____ on playing chess. He likes it very much.

- a- fed
- b- keen
- c- crazy
- d- fond

7- I'm not _____ on watching TV programmes.

- a- that keen
- b- fond
- c- crazy
- d- fed

8- We don't _____ drinking green tea. We quite like it.

- a- bear
- b- stand
- c- mind

d- have

9- She is very _____ of visiting museums.

- a- fond
- b- crazy
- c- fed
- d- keen

10- Maha is _____ about buying fashion magazines. She likes reading them a lot.

- a- fond
- b- crazy
- c- fed
- d- keen

II. Grammar

1- He _____ here for ten years. He _____ a lot of people.

- a- has been lived / knew
- b- has been living / knows
- c- lives / knows
- d- is living / knows

2- I _____ doing my homework.

- a- just have finished
- b- have just finished
- c- have finished just
- d- finishes have just

3- He was born _____ 2002.

- a- on
- b- in
- c- of
- d- at

4- Maha met her friend _____ evening.

- a- last
- b- on
- c- yesterday
- d- at

5- They slept _____ the flight.

- a- of
- b- at
- c- during
- d- over

6- He _____ his friend for ten years.

- a- known
- b- has known
- c- has been known
- d- knowing

7- He ate in a restaurant two days _____.

- a- ago
- b- last
- c- past
- d- over

8- They have been working in this factory _____ 1999.

- a- since
- b- for
- c- in
- d- on

9- She has been walking _____ half an hour.

- a- since
- b- for
- c- in
- d- at

10- I've been playing football since I _____ eight.

- a- am
- b- was
- c- have been
- d- will be

11- Someone _____ my chocolate. There's only half of it left.

- a- eating
- b- have been eating
- c- eaten
- d- ate

12- I've got a terrible headache. The neighbours _____ loud music all day.

- a- playing
- b- played
- c- have been playing
- d- have played

13- What _____? Your clothing are covered in flour!

- a- have you been doing
- b- have you done
- c- have you did
- d- have you doing

14- We _____ for hours.

- a- have been driving
- b- to drive
- c- drove
- d- driving

15- The children _____. Computer games all morning and they are driving me mad!

- a- have been playing
- b- played
- c- to play
- d- playing

Everyday English

1- **A: I've passed my English test.**

B: _____ .

a- Ok.

b- Congratulations.

c- That's too bad

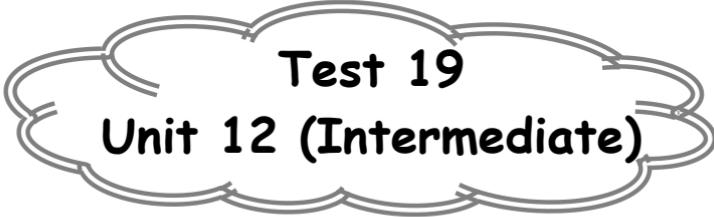
2- **A: Are you coming with me to the party?**

B: _____ .

a- What a pity!

b- Good for you!

c- Definitely!



Test 19
Unit 12 (Intermediate)

I. Vocabulary

1- You can _____ to your friends on the Internet.

a- advise

b- chat

c- deny

d- protest

2- The man was _____ of stealing the woman's handbag.

a- screamed

b- whispered

c- accused

d- gossiped

3- He always _____ with his younger brother. He doesn't get on well with him.

- a- demands
- b- quarrels
- c- orders
- d- recommends

4- When we arrived at the restaurant, we _____ pizza and French fries.

- a- criticized
- b- protested
- c- rowed
- d- ordered

5- He _____ his son not to be rude with people.

- a- advised
- b- screamed
- c- protested
- d- denied

6- I don't like people _____ about me.

- a- recommending
- b- gossiping
- c- accusing
- d- denying

7- She _____ when she saw the mad dog in the street.

- a- chatted
- b- ordered
- c- screamed
- d- criticized

8- I _____ that you buy a new computer.

- a- recommend
- b- scream
- c- accuse
- d- gossip

9- When you _____ something, you say it very quietly.

- a- demand
- b- whisper
- c- scream
- d- row

10- Jack _____ that he had broken the window, but I'm sure he did.

- a- denied
- b- accused
- c- ordered
- d- rowed

II. Everyday English

1- A: _____

B: Well done. Better late than never.

- a- I'm always on time.
- b- I forgot her birthday, so I sent her a text.
- c- I feel very worried about my lessons.
- d- That's a great mistake. Don't do that again.

2- A: _____

B: Well I never! You learn something new every day.

- a- How about going to the cinema next Friday?
- b- Great minds think alike.
- c- Did you know 25% of the world speaks English?
- d- I will never learn anything in my life.

3- A: I wonder if he'll be happy in his job.

B: _____

- a- Only time will tell.
- b- Good idea!
- c- I'm sure it's tough.

d- Rather you than me.

4- **A: I'm going to pack some anti-malaria tablets.**

B: _____

a- I know he will not come with us.

b- Why are you standing here?

c- Good idea. Better safe than sorry.

d- It's all right for some.

5- **A: _____**

B: You did your best. You can't do any more.

a- I'm very happy with my work. I feel completely satisfied.

b- I had a nice time in London last holiday. It was wonderful.

c- I worked so hard for that exam, but I still got a bad mark.

d- Cheer up! It's not the end of the world. Try again once more.

Answer Key

Test 1- Unit 3 (Pre-intermediate)

Vocabulary

1- Did Sarah _____ you to her wedding?

b- invite

2- Mona is a very _____ girl.

a- beautiful

3- You must _____ your handwriting.

b- improve

4- A good Muslim shouldn't be _____ polite.

c- im

5- Salim does not have a job. He is _____.

d- unemployed

6- I _____ reading English books.

a- enjoy

7- All the students like Ms. Amal. She is a very _____ teacher.

b- friendly

8- Mona Zaki is a _____ actress. Everyone likes her films.

c- famous

9- You should be _____ when you drive your car at night.

a- careful

10- Your room is _____. You must clear up that mess.

b- untidy

Grammar

1- I _____ arrive early yesterday.
c- didn't

2- Amna: When _____ you _____ to Cairo?

Mahasen: A year ago.

a- did / travel

3- While I was cooking, the bell _____.

b- rang

4- It _____ when I woke up this morning.

d- was raining

5- I _____ Suha while I _____ in London.

b- met / was living

6- What _____ this time yesterday?

c- did you doing

7- I met him _____ six yesterday.

b- at

8- Sarah and I _____ in the street when we _____ a little child crying.

c- were walking / saw

9- What _____ from 6 to 8 yesterday?

b- was he doing

10- While he _____ his car, he _____ at the gas station.

a- was driving / stopped

<p>11- Writers use their _____ to write interesting stories. a- imagination</p> <p>12- She could not find her passport because her room is completely_____. b- messy</p> <p>13- Shakespeare and Ernest Hemingway are _____ writers. They are known all over the world. c- famous</p> <p>14- The teacher _____ the points that were not clear and the students understood the lesson. a- explained</p>	<p>11- _____ I was sitting in a meeting, my mobile rang. c- While</p> <p>12- A: What _____ at 5 yesterday? B: I was watching TV. c- were you doing</p> <p>13- We were having breakfast when she _____ into the room. a- walked</p>
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Test 2- Unit 4 (Pre-intermediate)

<p>Reading Passage 1</p> <p>1-Bangkok is a city of contrasts because _____. a- it has new buildings and old markets</p> <p>2- The canals were built by _____. b- the King of Thailand</p> <p>3- What is the best way to go to the market? c-By water taxi.</p> <p>4- In paragraph 3, line 3, the pronoun "He" refers to _____. c- a seller</p> <p>5- Which one of the following statements is TRUE? d- The boats sell local food and coconut juice.</p> <p>Passage 2</p> <p>1- "Isle-sur-la-Sorgue" is the name of the _____.</p>	<p>Vocabulary</p> <p>1- He went to the _____ to put the money in his account. d- bank</p> <p>2- I had a headache, so I bought Panadol tablets from the _____. c- pharmacy</p> <p>3- That _____ sells delicious doughnuts. b- café</p> <p>4- There are some interesting magazines at that _____. d- news agent's</p> <p>5- Hassan bought _____ from a clothes shop in Tahlia Street. a- a shirt and a tie</p> <p>6- I like this sweater. _____ b- It fits me very well.</p>
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<p><u>a- town</u></p> <p>2- The market opens from _____.</p> <p><u>a- the early morning until 1 o'clock</u></p> <p>3- Antique sellers have _____.</p> <p><u>d- furniture, lace and cloth</u></p> <p>4- Which one of the following statements is TRUE?</p> <p><u>b- On Sunday, every street and bridge is packed with stalls.</u></p> <p>5- Which one of the following statements is NOT TRUE?</p> <p><u>a- The smell of the brightly coloured bunches of flowers fill the air.</u></p> <p><u>Passage 3</u></p> <p>1- In paragraph 1, line 1, the word "ancient" means _____.</p> <p><u>c- very old</u></p> <p>2- Where can you see snakes and drink Moroccan coffee?</p> <p><u>c- In the main square.</u></p> <p>3- In paragraph 3, line 4, the pronoun "<u>them</u>" refers to _____.</p> <p><u>b- rugs</u></p> <p>4- Which one of the following statements is TRUE?</p> <p><u>d- The souk is divided into many smaller souks.</u></p> <p>5- Which one of the following statements is NOT TRUE?</p> <p><u>a- In the carpet souk, all the rugs are the same.</u></p>	<p>7- Salem went to the _____ to get some shaving foam.</p> <p><u>a- pharmacy</u></p> <p>8- Do you have a shirt like this in _____?</p> <p><u>c- red</u></p> <p>9- I'm going to buy some tissues from the nearest _____.</p> <p><u>d- pharmacy</u></p> <p>10- This dress is too small. Do you have a _____ one?</p> <p><u>a- bigger</u></p>
<p><u>Grammar</u></p> <p>1- How _____ money do you have?</p>	<p><u>Everyday English</u></p> <p>1- Nawal: Where did you buy that sweater?</p>

b- much

2- Would you like to have _____ coffee?

c- some

3- There are _____ tomatoes left, but not _____.

b- a few / many

4- We haven't got _____ biscuits.

d- any

5- There is _____ big supermarket near my house.

a- a

6- What's _____ name of the restaurant you went to last night?

b- the

7- I went to _____ England in the summer.

a- -----

8- Milk _____ good for your health.

b- is

9- I'm going _____ home.

b- -----

10- What _____ amazing artist she is!

a- an

11- Can you buy _____ bread and cheese for the picnic, if you want to help!

b- some

c- 12- There's _____ oil in the bottle. We can't prepare dinner.

c- a little

Basma: From a _____ near my house.

c- clothes shop

2- Ahmad: Can I try this shirt on?
The shopkeeper: Of course.

c- The changing rooms are over there.

3- Wiam: Do you have this skirt in blue?
Reem: Yes, what _____ are you?

b- size

4- Ali: _____

Shopkeeper: It's 50 Riyals.

a- How much is this shirt?

5- Shopkeeper: Can I help you?
Waheed: _____

b- I'm just looking, thanks.

6- Rami: I'd like some chocolate cake, please.

Waiter: _____

a- I'm afraid there isn't any left

7- Shopkeeper: _____

Basil: Cash.

d- How would you like to pay?

8- Majed: Can you help me? I've got a bad stomach-ache.

Pharmacist: _____

a- OK. You can take these tablets twice a day

9- Hazim: Good morning. Can I have a _____, please?

Waiter: Certainly. I'll bring you an espresso in a few minutes.

c- espresso

10- John: Why did you go to the _____?

13- _____ gold is very expensive. <u>a- no article</u>	Michel: I needed to send a parcel to my aunt in Qatar. <u>d- post office</u>
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Test 3- Unit 5 (Pre-intermediate)

<p>Reading</p> <p>1- Getting education is very _____ for children of Gaza. <u>b- difficult</u></p> <p>2- There are about _____ schools in Gaza Strip. <u>b- 640</u></p> <p>3- Schools in Gaza have _____ shifts a day. <u>c- two</u></p> <p>4- Gazan parents _____. <u>b- want their children to learn</u></p> <p>5- Young people of Gaza want the world to _____. <u>c- hear their voices</u></p> <p>6- The Gaza Mono-Logues project of ASHTAR Theatre was in _____. <u>a- 2010</u></p> <p>7- Which of the following statements is TRUE? <u>c- They sent their monologues by plane.</u></p> <p>8- Which of the following statements is NOT TRUE? <u>a- Teachers encourage young people to get involved in the fighting.</u></p> <p>9- The pronoun "<u>their</u>" in paragraph 2 refers to _____. <u>c- Gazan parents</u></p>	<p>Vocabulary</p> <p>1- Were _____ a picnic next weekend. Would you like to come? <u>b- having</u></p> <p>2- My sister _____ first in the last race. <u>b- came</u></p> <p>3- If you work hard, your dreams can _____ true. <u>c- come</u></p> <p>4- Lets _____ shopping tonight. <u>b- go</u></p> <p>5- He _____ a car accident last week. <u>c- had</u></p> <p>6- Why don't we _____ out for a meal tonight. <u>a- go</u></p> <p>7 _____ and see me. I miss you so much. <u>a- Come</u></p> <p>8- All the workers are _____ a meeting with their manager <u>c- having</u></p> <p>9- I always _____ to school by bus. <u>b- come</u></p>
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<p>10- The pronoun "<u>they</u>" in paragraph 4 refers to _____ b- young people</p>	<p>10- They can't _____ abroad. They don't have a holiday. d- go</p> <p>11- Ali did not go to school. He _____ a bad cold a- had</p> <p>12- The girls _____ a great time with their new friend Noora. b- had</p>
<p>Grammar</p> <p>1- We'd like _____ to Dubai for our summer holiday. b- to go</p> <p>2- Sally hopes _____ a doctor. a- to be</p> <p>3- I'm looking forward to _____ you. c- seeing</p> <p>4- Ahmad finished _____ his homework early. c- doing</p> <p>5- A: Which dress do you want, the blue one or the black? B: _____ the black. a- I'll take</p> <p>6- A: Why are you cooking so much food? B: _____ a party tomorrow. b- I'm going to have</p> <p>7- A: The phone is ringing! B: Ok _____ it. b- I'll answer</p> <p>8- A: Would you like to come with me for a walk? B: Yes, _____ b- I would</p>	<p>Everyday English</p> <p>1- A: What's the matter? B: _____ c- I feel nervous because I have an exam today.</p> <p>2- A: I don't feel very well. B: _____ c- Why don't you have some rest?</p> <p>3- A: _____ B: Good luck! Do your best. d- I've got an exam today.</p> <p>4- A: My grandfather's going into hospital for tests. B: _____ a- I'm sorry to hear that, but I'm sure he'll be all right.</p> <p>5- A: _____ B: I know. We really need some sunshine, don't we? c- I'm fed up with this weather.</p>

<p>9- They aren't _____ married in June. a- going to get</p> <p>10- My parents are thinking of _____ to another house. a- moving</p> <p>11- They really want _____ hard to get the best mark. d- to work</p> <p>12- Next summer, I _____ to London. My brother lives there. I have already bought the ticket. d- am going to travel</p> <p>13- Scientists say the Earth _____ suffer seriously if we continue polluting the air. b- will</p> <p>14- I _____ to drink some tea now. c- would love</p>	
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Test 4- Unit 6 (Pre-intermediate)

Vocabulary	Grammar
<p>1- Ali's bedroom is very _____. He doesn't clean it at all. b- messy</p> <p>2- A: Sally's family is very rich. B: Yes, they are really _____. c- wealthy</p> <p>3- A: This movie is really boring. B: I know. I'm really _____ with it. a- fed up</p> <p>4- A: The weather is lovely today. B: Yes, it's very _____. b- beautiful</p>	<p>1- A: _____ B: It has got beautiful gardens and interesting buildings. b- What's France like?</p> <p>2- The plane is _____ than the car. d- faster</p> <p>3- Tokyo is _____ city in the world. a- the most expensive</p> <p>4- Jeddah is _____ than Beirut. a- hotter</p> <p>5- Sami is the _____ student in the class. d- smartest</p>

5- A: Paris has a lot of new buildings.

B: Yes, they are really _____.

b- modern

6- A: The food was awful in this restaurant.

B: Yes, it wasn't _____ at all.

a- nice

7- A: This book is very boring.

B: I don't agree with you. It's very _____.

d- interesting

8- Bill Gates is one of the most

_____ people in the world. He made a lot of money.

a- wealthy

9- A: Is your Arabic teacher old?

B: No, she's very _____.

c- young

10- There are many _____ people in India.

d- poor

11- A: Mary's uncle is very rich."

B: "Yes, he is really _____, isn't he?"

c- wealthy

12- A: "Dubai has hundreds of new buildings."

B: "Yes, it is a very _____ city"

a- modern

13- A: "Larry's office is always untidy."

B: "That's true; it is very _____ all the time."

c- messy

14- A: "Henry is not wealthy, but he is very kind."

B: "Of course, he is _____."

d- generous

15- A: "What an awful piece of cake."

6- A: What's your English teacher like?

B: _____

a- She's very nice.

7- Sally is _____ than her sister.

b- better

8- Lina is the _____ girl in the class.

d- funniest

9- That film was the _____ film I've ever seen

d- worst

10- Saudi Arabia is _____ than Kuwait.

a- bigger

11- Adnan is as _____ as Tariq.

a- tall

12- Ahmed is _____ than his brother, Majed.

b- older

13- London is _____ than Jeddah.

c- more expensive

14- Who is _____, Asma or Amal?

c- more beautiful

15- Who is the _____ man in the world?

d- richest

16- All the cakes I tried in that restaurant were delicious, but the chocolate cake was the _____.

b- best

17- The weather in London is _____ than the weather

c- colder

<p>B: "Yes, it wasn't very _____, was it?" a- nice</p> <p>16- A: "Mary's uncle is so mean." B: "Right, he is not _____." b- generous</p> <p>17- A: "Ashley's family is _____." B: "Yes, they aren't very rich. Are they?" b- poor</p> <p>18- A: "This movie is boring. Let's watch some B: "Yes, it isn't _____, is it?" d- interesting</p> <p>19- A: "Their children are so stupid." B: "Yes, they aren't very _____, are d- brilliant</p> <p>20- A: "My sister is old." B: "Yes, she isn't _____, is she?" a- young</p>	<p>18- London is as _____ as Paris. a- expensive</p> <p>19- This university is _____ than the other one in the city. b- smaller</p> <p>20- This bag is the _____ of all. a- heaviest</p>
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Test 5- Unit 7 (Pre-intermediate)

<p>Reading</p> <p>1- Bruno and Maria are two famous _____ a- sportspeople</p> <p>2-Most of the time, Maria and Bruno are _____ b- in different countries</p> <p>3- They got their new home _____ d- to get enough time together.</p> <p>4-Maria thinks that they are _____. c- normal people</p> <p>5-Not like all famous stars, Bruno and Maria spend their evenings _____. a- cooking and watching TV together.</p>	<p>Vocabulary</p> <p>1- _____ is a very popular dish in England. b- Fish and Chips</p> <p>2- _____ Welcome to our programme. b- Ladies and Gentlemen</p> <p>3- How is your uncle? _____ There are good days, and then not such good days. a- Up and down</p> <p>4- _____, we reached home. b- At last</p> <p>5-A: Do you like reading English books?</p>
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<p>6-Maria and Bruno want to retire because they want _____ . to have some peace and quiet and be together</p> <p>7-Which statement is <u>TRUE</u> ? d. Bruno met Maria at the celebration dinner of the Australian Grand Prix.</p> <p>8-Which statement is <u>NOT TRUE</u>? c. Maria won a lot of formula one championship.</p> <p>9-The underlined word <u>retiring</u> in the passage means: a-stop working.</p> <p>10-The pronoun "they" in paragraph 1 refers to: c- Maria and Bruno</p>	<p>B: _____ I do. I love reading them. <u>b- Of course</u></p> <p>6- This dish needs some _____ to be delicious. <u>c- salt and pepper</u></p> <p>7- I like sitting in the backyard of my house. I do that to get some _____. <u>b- peace and quiet</u></p> <p>8-A: Did you like the film? B: _____ The story was exciting but the actors were not so good. <u>b- Yes and no</u></p> <p>9- She arrived _____ last week. <u>c- safe and sound</u></p> <p>10- He works very _____ to get his university degree. <u>a- hard</u></p> <p>11- I have _____ finished cleaning the dishes. <u>c- just</u></p> <p>12- A: Do you like cheese cakes? B: -----, I do. They're my favourite sweet dish. <u>d- Of course</u></p>
<p>Grammar</p> <p>1- They _____ football for many years. They haven't stopped yet. a- have played</p> <p>2- _____ stories has he written? a- How many</p>	<p>Everyday English</p> <p>1- A: Do you like crime novels? B: No, _____. c- I don't</p> <p>2- A: Did you see the football match last night? B: Yes, _____. c- I did</p>

<p>3- The children have been in bed _____ 9 o'clock. b- since</p> <p>4- Have you _____ been to France? b- ever</p> <p>5- I _____ my friend for a long time. a- have known</p> <p>6- A: Has he finished his work yet? B: No, he _____. c- hasn't</p> <p>7- She has been a student since she _____ seven years old. b- was</p> <p>8- She _____ to England in 2006. b- went</p> <p>9- He has worked in the factory _____ six years. a- for</p> <p>10- They _____ after a basketball match last year. b- met</p>	<p>3- A: Are your parents friendly? B: Yes _____. b- they are</p> <p>4- A: _____? B: Yes, I have. a- Have you tried the new pizza restaurant</p> <p>5- A: _____? B: No, he hasn't. c- Has he cleaned his car</p> <p>6. A: Have you travelled to Abha before? B: ----- c) <u>No, I haven't.</u></p> <p>7. A: Do you like reading novels? B: ----- c) <u>Yes, I do.</u></p>
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Test 6- Unit 8 (Pre-intermediate)

Vocabulary	Grammar
<p>1. My alarm _____ wakes me up every day. b. clock</p> <p>2. The traffic _____ became green as we were driving near the bank. c. lights</p>	<p>1- You _____ to start work at 8:00. d- have</p> <p>2- You _____ play sports to stay healthy. b- should</p> <p>3- We _____ to buy cheese. There is a lot of cheese in the fridge c-don't have</p>

<p>3. He sent me a text _____ to say he would be late. a. message</p> <p>4. The roads are always crowded especially during rush _____. a. hours</p> <p>5. You can pay by credit _____. b. card</p> <p>6. There was a terrible _____ in Turkey last month. Many people were killed. c. earthquake</p> <p>7. I have a nice book _____ in my living room. I always put the books there. d. bookcase</p> <p>8. Our teacher always asks us to _____ a conversation in class to practise speaking. c. have</p> <p>9. You've become very fat. It's better to _____ weight. b. lose</p> <p>10. My sister is becoming fat, so she is going on ----- from next week. c. a diet</p> <p>11. I do not know the way to the shopping centre but I can follow the --- ----- in the streets. d. signposts</p>	<p>4- Hammed is very strong. He _____ lift heavy weights. b- can</p> <p>5- Nabil _____ to get a driving license before he drives his car b- has</p> <p>6- A: _____? B: Yes, she can. a- Can she speak English</p> <p>7- You _____ tell lies. It's very bad. b- shouldn't</p> <p>8- Dina _____ sing when she was very young. b- could</p> <p>9- She _____ to do the washing up. She has a dishwasher. b- doesn't have</p> <p>10- I _____ to renew my passport or I can't travel abroad. c- have</p>
Everyday English	
<p>1- A: What did the doctor do when you told him you had a cold? B: _____</p>	<p>4- A: What's the matter with you? B: _____ c- I've got a cold.</p>

<p>a- He took my temperature and examined me.</p> <p>2- A: _____</p> <p>c- What did the doctor prescribe?</p> <p>3- A: _____?</p> <p>B: I went to the doctor's.</p> <p>b- Where did you go when you felt ill</p>	<p>5- A: _____?</p> <p>B: I've got a sore throat.</p> <p>a- What's the matter with you</p> <p>6. Doctor: How do you feel?</p> <p>Woman: -----</p> <p>and I can't walk on it.</p> <p>Doctor: That's too bad. Let me check it.</p> <p>b-I've twisted me ankle</p> <p>7. A: You look sick!</p> <p>B: Yeah! I have terrible flu. -----</p> <p>-----</p> <p>A: You should rest at home.</p> <p>d-I have a temperature and running nose.</p>
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Test 7- Unit 9 (Pre-intermediate)

Reading	Vocabulary
<p>1- The pronoun "It" in the paragraph 2 refers to _____. d- China</p> <p>2- One of the following statements is TRUE: a- China has luxury products such as Chanel perfume, Rolex watches, and Lacoste clothing.</p> <p>3- One of the following statements is NOT TRUE: a- The skies over cities like Beijing are very clean.</p> <p>4- The first big industrial economies were in _____. c- Europe</p> <p>5- The country that has the biggest economy today is _____. d- the US</p>	<p>1-A: Do you _____ tired when you run? B: "Yes, I can't run more than two minutes." c- get</p> <p>2. Annie is a photographer. She likes to _____ pictures of animals. b- take</p> <p>3. You need flour, eggs and sugar to _____ cakes. c- make</p> <p>4. _____ some exercise will keep you healthy. a- Doing</p> <p>5. Toyota cars are _____ in Japan. b- made</p>

<p>6- Why will China's population start to get smaller? Because of _____.</p> <p>d- the "one child per family policy".</p> <p>7- What is the result of either China or India becoming the leading economic power?</p> <p>a- America will not be the most economically powerful anymore.</p> <p>8- China has become the "the world's factory" because _____.</p> <p>b- it has a population of 1.3 billion</p> <p>9- India is very successful in _____.</p> <p>d- science, engineering, and IT</p> <p>10- Every year _____.</p> <p>a- India and China together produce more scientists and engineers than the US.</p>	<p>6. Before you leave your flat, _____ sure that all windows are closed.</p> <p>d- make</p> <p>7. Could you _____ me a favor? Could you help me carry this heavy box?</p> <p>a- do</p> <p>8. I _____ my friend Noura out for a meal last Monday. We ate in the Italian restaurant.</p> <p>b- took</p> <p>9. You can _____ a cold if you don't change your wet clothes.</p> <p>a- get</p> <p>10. If you don't like the service in this company, why don't you _____ a complaint?</p> <p>c- make</p>
<p>Grammar</p> <p>1- When I call Manal, I _____ her to the party.</p> <p>a- will invite</p> <p>2- Please, sit in the waiting room _____ I call you.</p> <p>b- until</p> <p>3. _____ it's sunny this weekend, we can have a picnic.</p> <p>c- If</p> <p>4- Ameerah will watch T.V. _____ she does her homework.</p> <p>a- after</p> <p>5- If I _____ my driving test. I'll buy a car.</p> <p>b- pass</p>	<p>Everyday English</p> <p>1. Receptionist: Hello, Weston Hotel. Ahmad speaking. How can I help you? Client: _____</p> <p>c. I'd like to make a reservation, please.</p> <p>2- Receptionist: Certainly, When is it for? Client: It's for one night, the fifteenth of this month. Receptionist: _____</p> <p>a. Do you want a single or a double room?</p> <p>3- Client: A double, please. Receptionist: Fine, I have one for you. And your name is? Client: Mohammad Salem. _____</p> <p>a. Can you tell me how much it is per night?</p>

<p>6. If I _____ money, I'll buy a new car. c- have</p> <p>7. When I get home, I _____ a bath. b- will have</p> <p>8. If I have time, I _____ on a picnic. a- will go</p> <p>9. As soon as he _____ his homework, he will call his friend. b- finishes</p> <p>10. Give me your suitcase. I _____ it for you. c- will carry</p>	<p>4- Receptionist: Sure. That's \$ 95 a night. Can I have your credit card number, please? Client: Yes, sure. It's a Master Card. 4323 1436 0932 8842 . Receptionist: Thank you. _____ d. Could I have a phone number?</p> <p>5-Receptionist: That's fine. _____ Client: Thanks a lot. Bye-bye. c. We look forward to seeing you on the fifteenth. Goodbye.</p> <p>6. Receptionist: Hello. How can I help you? Customer: _____ a. I'd like a room for the night, please.</p> <p>7. Receptionist: _____ Customer: No. I'd like to have a single room with a private bathroom. d. Would you like a double room?</p>
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Test 8- Unit 10 (Pre-intermediate)

<p>Vocabulary</p> <p>1-Ali saw a _____ movie last weekend. It was all about ghosts. a- terrifying</p> <p>2-Manal's trip to London was very _____. She enjoyed it very much. c-exciting</p> <p>3-Fatmah doesn't like French. She thinks it's a _____ subject. c-boring</p> <p>4-Manal felt _____ because she had worked for 5 hours yesterday. b-exhausted</p>	<p>Grammar</p> <p>1- <u>Choose the correct sentence :</u> a- Ali used to drink a glass of water every morning.</p> <p>2- <u>Choose the correct sentence :</u> d- Manal is going shopping now</p> <p>3-I enjoy _____ short stories. b- writing</p> <p>4-I wish I could stop _____ forever. c- smoking</p> <p>5-I like _____ bread and cheese in the morning. It's my usual breakfast. a- eating</p>
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<p>5-I like this book, it is really _____.</p> <p>a- interesting</p> <p>6-Sara is having a job interview today. She is very _____. She is afraid that she might not get the job.</p> <p>b-worried</p> <p>7-Ahmad is going to Paris next week. He is really _____. He feels very happy.</p> <p>b-excited</p> <p>8-The girls saw a big spider on the wall, they became so _____</p> <p>a- frightened</p> <p>9- Mrs. Smith is _____. I enjoy talking to her.</p> <p>c- interesting</p> <p>10- This lesson is very _____. I can't understand it.</p> <p>b- confusing</p>	<p>6- He _____ play basketball when he was young. Now he doesn't play anymore.</p> <p>b- used to</p> <p>7- I managed _____ my work yesterday.</p> <p>b- to finish</p> <p>8- I've decided _____ my next holiday in Turkey.</p> <p>a- to spend</p> <p>9- Mary used _____ the piano when she was at school.</p> <p>c- to play</p> <p>10- Let's go _____!</p> <p>d- shopping</p> <p>11-We went _____ yesterday. It was great.</p> <p>a-swimming</p> <p>12- I used to _____ hard five years ago.</p> <p>a- study</p> <p>13- She made me _____ although I was very sad.</p> <p>a- laugh</p> <p>14- I went to the pharmacy _____ some medicine.</p> <p>a- to buy</p>
Everyday English	
<p>1- There were _____ people at the party.</p> <p>b. so many</p> <p>2. Maha has spent _____ money this week!</p> <p>d. so much</p> <p>3. Mona and Ali are _____ nice people!</p> <p>d. such</p>	<p>4. They were all _____ worried.</p> <p>a. so</p> <p>5. Paul saw _____ huge icebergs!</p> <p>b. such</p> <p>6- Their room is _____ a mess! I don't know how they sit in it.</p> <p>b- such</p> <p>7- Mary is _____ clever. She can answer all the questions.</p>

	<p>a- so</p> <p>8- Last holiday, I spent _____ money. I bought a lot of things.</p> <p>b- so much</p> <p>9- You are _____ beautiful!</p> <p>b- so</p> <p>10- We had _____ a great experience!</p> <p>b- such</p> <p>11- I'm _____ thirsty! I want a bottle of water.</p> <p>c- so</p>
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Test 9- Unit 11 (Pre-intermediate)

Reading	
<p>1- Your DNA is in _____. b- your hair and every cell in your body</p> <p>2- DNA tells everyone about _____. b- their families, health and personalities</p> <p>3- _____ discovered DNA in 1869. b- A German scientist</p>	<p>4- In 1986, DNA was first used by _____. c- the police</p> <p>5- _____ were given the Nobel Prize for medicine in 1962. b- British scientists</p>
Vocabulary	Grammar
<p>1- Aspirin was _____ by Felix Hoffman. a- invented</p> <p>2- He _____ me some information about cars. c- gave</p> <p>3- He always _____ his promise. a- keeps</p> <p>4- This bus can _____ 50 passengers. a- carry</p> <p>5- He is very good at _____ jokes.</p>	<p>1- Where _____ these shirts made? a- were</p> <p>2- My brother _____ me a book recently. c- bought</p> <p>3- I _____ tea in the evening. b- don't drink</p> <p>4- He was brought up _____ his grandparents. b- by</p> <p>5- The pharmacy _____ medicines. a- sells</p>

b- telling

6- My mother _____ me a nice present on my last birthday.

c- gave

7- Are you the manager? We'd like to _____ a complaint.

b- make

8- If you keep doing exercise, you will _____ weight.

b- lose

9- Long ago, people went to America to _____ gold.

a- discover

10- _____ your homework or your teacher will be angry with you.

a- Do

6- Have all the dishes _____?

a- been washed

7- His bike _____ last weekend.

b- was repaired

8- _____ you always wear jeans?

b- Do

9- They _____ their way because they didn't have a map.

b- lost

10- _____ English at school?

a- Is he taught

11- While I was doing the shopping, my purse _____.

a-was stolen

12- A delicious cake _____ by my grandmother. I can smell it.

a-is being baked

13- The computer _____ without my permission.

a- has been used

Everyday English:

1-A: May I help you?

B:I want a brown shirt medium size.

This conversation takes

place _____.

a-at the clothes' shop

2-A: Can I see your ticket and passport, please?

B :Here you are.

This conversation takes

place _____.

c-at the airport

Test 10- Unit 12 (Pre-intermediate)

Reading

1-Yellowstone is called a 'supervolcano' because it is _____

b- huge and dangerous

2-The last time when the Yellowstone volcano erupted was _____ years ago.

a- 640,000

3-If the volcano erupted, _____ .

a- hot ash and rock would shoot up into the air at 250Kmph

4-Which sentence is **NOT TRUE**?

a- A lot of people who visit Yellowstone National Park realize that they are standing on top of the largest active volcano in the world.

5-Which sentence is **TRUE**?

a- If the volcano erupted, hot ash and rock would shoot up into the air.

6-The pronoun "**them**" in paragraph 1 refers to _____.

a- people

7-The word "**chatter**" means _____ .

c- to talk fast on a not important subject

Vocabulary

1-He is going _____ to his home town tomorrow.

b- back

2-Please take _____ your shoes before you get in.

b- off

3-Ahmad puts _____ a nice red jacket when he goes to school.

c- on

4- Can you _____ my baby when I am out?

c- look after

5- He doesn't _____ well with his brother. He always argues with his brother.

a- get on

6- They stopped at the nearest petrol station because they _____ petrol.

a- ran out of

7- Yesterday my car _____ , so I had to go to the mechanic's.

b- broke down

8-Manal is _____ to attending Sara's wedding.

b-looking forward

9- _____ the word in the dictionary. You will know its meaning.

c- Look up

10- To apply for the job, _____ this form.

b- fill in

Grammar

Everyday English

1-Sara might _____ football in the garden.

b- play

2-If I _____ my medication, I wouldn't become sick.

b- took

3-If I had time, I _____ watch TV.

b- would

4-What would you do if your son _____ the vase?

b- broke

5- If I _____ you, I would study hard.

b- were

6- I _____ come tomorrow. I haven't decided yet.

c- might

7- Would you travel round the world if you _____ enough money?

a- had

8- If I _____ in a bigger house, I'd invite all my friends.

c- lived

9- I _____ buy an expensive car if I won a lot of money.

b- would

10- Manchester United _____ win the match. I'm sure.

b- will

11- If I were a bird, I fly and

see many places.

b- would

1- A: _____

B: Same to you. I hope we both pass.

b- Good luck in your exams!

2- A: Did you go out last night?

B: _____

b- No, I didn't. I went to bed early. What about you?

3- A: _____

B: Oh, what a pity! That's when we're away on holiday.

b- Can you come to my wedding?

4- A: _____

B: I haven't a clue. But you won't need it. It is a lovely day.

a- Oh, dear! I can't find my umbrella. Do you know where it is?

5- A: Let's go for a pizza.

B: _____

b- Good idea.

6- A: We've decided to get married.

B: _____.

c- Congratulations

7- A: Do you want to go out for a meal?

B: _____

c- Good idea.

12- People would spend more time at home if there _____ no restaurants.

a- were

Test 11- Unit 3 (Intermediate)

Reading:

1- Agatha Christie was educated _____

a- by her parents

2- In 1914, Agatha Christie became a _____

b- a nurse in a hospital

3- *The Mysterious Affair at Styles* was Agatha's _____

c- first detective novel

4- Agatha got divorced from _____ in 1926.

a- Archibald Christie

5- Agatha's best novels were written _____ 1930.

b- after

6- Working as a nurse helped Agatha in _____.

a- writing detective novels

7- Agatha Christie wrote _____ novels.

a- 78

8- The word "Her" in paragraph 4 line 12 refers to _____.

a- Agatha Christie

9- Which statement is TRUE?

a- Christie is the world's most famous detective story writer.

Grammar:

I _____ to Riyadh last summer.

a- went

2- I visited my grandmother two days _____.

b- ago

3- When the phone rang, I _____ my homework

a- was doing

4- I-----in Dammam when I was young.

b- lived

5- Maha: When _____ Sara?

Dina: I met her in 2000.

d- did you meet

6- While I _____ football, it started to rain.

b- was playing

7- I did my homework _____ morning.

c- yesterday

8- Father: Did Sara finish her homework?

Mother: No _____.

a- she didn't.

9- Manager: _____

Nabil: Yes, I did.

b- Did you write the report?

10- Mother: What was Reem doing when I came in?

Father: _____

c- She was studying.

10- Which statement is NOT TRUE ? d- Agatha loved the media.	
Everyday English	
1- A: _____ B: Yes. It was excellent. The room was great. b- Did you like the hotel? 2-A: Did you like your pizzas? B: _____ c- They were delicious. John and I had tomato and mozzarella. 3- A: _____ B: It was a nice break, but the weather wasn't very good. d- What was your holiday like?	4- A: _____ B: I think they spoil them. They always give them whatever they want. b- What do you think of Jim and Anne's children? 5- A: Did you like the football match? B: _____ a- It was really boring! I fell asleep and missed the only goal!

Test 12- Unit 4 (Intermediate)

Reading: 1- In many parts of Asia _____ b- there is no physical contact at all for greeting. 2- In _____, you should take off your shoes when entering a restaurant a- Japan 3- In Spain lunch can last for _____ a- 2 or 3 hours. 4- In Britain and the US, _____ to discuss business over breakfast. d- it isn't unusual 5- In most countries, _____ a- you must exchange your card for all introductions.	Grammar: 1- You must _____ hard for your exam. b- study 2- Old woman: _____ you help me? Young man: Sure, how can I help you? c- Could 3- I _____ go shopping next week. I went last week. d- don't have to 4- You are not _____ to wear Abayas in the classroom b- allowed 5- I _____ to stay out late. My parents are very strict. c- am not allowed
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<p>6- In Spain, _____ is the biggest meal of the day. a- lunch</p> <p>7- In Japan, you _____ an invitation to a restaurant after work b- shouldn't refuse</p> <p>8- Which statement is TRUE? c- In Italy, lunch is the biggest meal of the day.</p> <p>9- Which statement is NOT TRUE? d- In China, it is common to discuss business during meals</p> <p>10- In paragraph 4 line 2, the pronoun them refers to_____ b- shoes.</p>	<p>6- You _____ drive if you are tired. It's dangerous. a- shouldn't</p> <p>7- Give me a call later. We _____ go shopping together. c- can</p> <p>8- You _____ buy whatever you want with a Visa card. It's up to you. a- can</p> <p>9- I _____ wear a uniform at school. I can't go to school without it. a- have to</p> <p>10- He _____ to work to earn his living. c- has</p>
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Everyday English

<p>1- Faten: Would you mind if I closed the door? Huda: _____ c- No, not at all.</p> <p>2- A: _____ B: Yes, sir. I'll bring it right away. b- Could you bring us the bill, please?</p> <p>3- A: _____ B: No problem. It's stuffy in here. b- Would you mind opening the window?</p>	<p>4- A: Could I have extension 238, please? B: _____ c- The line is engaged. Would you like to hold?</p> <p>5- A: _____ B: Just looking, thanks. c- Can I help you?</p>
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Test 13- Unit 5 (Intermediate)

<p>Reading</p> <p>1- Kevin's favourite "holiday resort" is _____ a- home</p> <p>2- The Ice Hotel is in _____ b- Canada</p>	<p>Vocabulary</p> <p>1- It's _____ today. The sun is shining. b- sunny</p> <p>2- The wind is _____ strongly. The trees are moving and the leaves are falling.</p>
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<p>3- Kevin likes pottering around the house in his _____ c- pyjamas</p> <p>4- The underlined word "It" refers to _____ b- the Ice Hotel</p> <p>5- In his room in the Ice Hotel, Kevin can sleep _____ c- in a sleeping bag</p> <p>6- The Ice Hotel has an ice _____ c- cinema Choose True/ False:</p> <p>7- Kevin's ideal holiday is when he travels abroad. False</p> <p>8- Kevin likes trying local foods. True</p> <p>9- Kevin is going to the USA very soon. False</p> <p>10- The Ice Hotel takes 5 weeks to build. True</p>	<p>c- blowing</p> <p>3- In _____ weather, driving can be dangerous because drivers can't see clearly. b- foggy</p> <p>4- The roads are _____. Ice is everywhere and it's hard to drive. c- icy</p> <p>5- It's cold when it is _____. b- snowy</p> <p>6- When it's _____, we can't see the sun. c- cloudy</p> <p>7- Water is everywhere. It has been _____ all day. b- raining</p> <p>8- In dry countries, it rarely _____. a- rains</p> <p>9- Children make a snowman with _____. c- snow</p> <p>10- In very cold areas, the weather is often _____. a- snowy</p>
<p>Grammar</p> <p>1- There are a lot of clouds in the sky. I think it _____ to rain. b- is going</p> <p>2- What _____ this evening? b- are you doing</p> <p>3- I _____ shopping next weekend. am going</p> <p>4- A: Oh! It's hot in here! B: I _____ the window. a- will open</p>	<p>Everyday English</p> <p>1- A: _____ B: Of course. Hop in! b- Can you take us to the airport?</p> <p>2- A: _____ B: Take the Piccadilly Line, eastbound, and change at Green park. b- How do I get to Oxford Circus?</p> <p>3- A: Can I take these bags on with me? B: _____ b- I'm sorry. Only one item of hand luggage per passenger.</p>

<p>5- A: "It's Gina's birthday next week." B: Is it? I didn't know. I _____ her a card. b- will send</p> <p>6- A: Where are you spending your weekend? B: I haven't decided yet. I _____ my friend. a- might visit</p> <p>7- A: We don't we have bread for dinner. B: I _____ two loaves. c- will get</p> <p>8- _____ to Italy this summer? a- Is he travelling</p> <p>9- A : The phone is ringing! B: Ok _____ it. b- I'll answer</p> <p>10- Jill _____ to London next month. b- is flying</p>	<p>4- A: Excuse me; I think those seats facing the front are ours. B: _____ b- Oh, I'm sorry. We didn't know they were reserved.</p> <p>5- A: _____ B: Thanks a lot. Do you want a hand with these bags? a- That's all right. You can keep the change.</p>
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Test 14- Unit 6 (Intermediate)

<p>Reading:</p> <p>1- _____ is the world's most popular fast food. c- The pizza</p> <p>2- The Greeks made _____ and ate them with various simple toppings. c- plakuntos</p> <p>3- Picea was similar to _____. a- plakuntos</p> <p>4- _____ became the pizza capital of the world. c- Naples</p>	<p>Vocabulary:</p> <p>1- You can use fresh or _____ fish. c- frozen</p> <p>2. 'The meal was absolutely _____,' she said politely. b- delicious</p> <p>3. Jeddah is _____ city. It has people from many different parts of the world. a- a cosmopolitan</p> <p>4. Washington, D.C. is the _____ city of the United States. c- capital</p>
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<p>5- Pizza Margherita was named in the honour of _____ b- Queen Margherita</p> <p>6- In 1905 _____ c- the first pizzeria was opened in New York.</p> <p>7- Which people are the greatest producers and consumers of pizza in the world? c- The Americans</p> <p>8- The word "them" in paragraph two refers to _____ c- plakuntos</p> <p>9- Which statement is TRUE? c- Greeks ate plakuntos with garlic, onions, herbs and other toppings.</p> <p>10- Which statement is NOT TRUE? a- Tomatoes were brought to Italy from America and Canada.</p>	<p>5. My brother is _____. He likes to meet and spend time with other people. a- sociable</p> <p>6. _____ people can give good pieces of advice. b- Elderly</p> <p>7- _____ dishes are often healthy. c- Plain</p> <p>8- Malaysia has old and _____ buildings. a- modern</p> <p>9. Alexandria is an _____ city. It was built many years ago. b- ancient</p> <p>10- I like my mother's _____ dishes. She is an excellent cook. b- delicious</p> <p>11. My sister is very _____. She is very friendly and has a lot of friends at school. a- outgoing</p> <p>12. Jeddah has a lot of malls and fun places to visit. I think it is a/ an city. d- exciting</p>
<p>Grammar:</p> <p>1- What's their house _____? c- like</p> <p>2. A: What's Julie like? B: _____ b- She is friendly and nice.</p> <p>3. Ahmed _____? Basel: He'd like to go horse riding. c- What would Faisal like to do?</p>	<p>Everyday English</p> <p>1- " For External Use Only" a- On medicine boxes</p> <p>2- " Arrivals" c- At the airport</p> <p>3- " Dry Clean Only" a- On clothes</p> <p>4- " Baggage reclaim" c- At the airport</p>

<p>4- I want _____ me with my homework. b- you to help</p> <p>5- I am looking forward to _____ from you. b- hearing</p> <p>6- He enjoys _____ scary movies. a- watching</p> <p>7- Let me _____ when you are coming to London. c- know</p> <p>8- A: _____? B: It's lovely! A perfect day for a picnic. c- What's the weather like?</p> <p>9- He promised _____ early tomorrow. b- me to come</p> <p>10- I'd like _____ you. What's a good time to call? d- to call</p>	<p>5- " Please place your tray tables in their fully upright and locked positions" b- In airplanes</p>
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Test 15- Unit 7 (Intermediate)

<p>Reading:</p> <p>1- What is Stanley Karras? He is _____ b- a meteorologist</p> <p>2- What does Stanley do in his job? b- He follows hurricanes by plane.</p> <p>3- How did he know about the job? a- He came across an ad in a newspaper.</p> <p>4- What does Stanley like about his job? b- He thinks it's exciting to end up in different cities and</p>	<p>Vocabulary</p> <p>1- If you don't know the meaning of this word, use a dictionary to _____. a- look it up</p> <p>2- _____ your jacket. It's hot in here. c- Take off</p> <p>3- We _____ sugar. We need to buy some at the supermarket. b- ran out of</p>
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<p>different countries day after day.</p> <p>5- Why does Stanley sometimes fly low through a storm? b- Because he doesn't want to be taken into a hurricane that could be nasty.</p> <p>6- What is Stanley's plan for the future? c- He wants to join a space programme and be the first meteorologist in space.</p> <p>7- Stanley advises people who want to have his job to study_____ c- math and science</p> <p>8- The word "them" in paragraph one refers to_____. b- top scientists</p> <p>9- Which statement is TRUE? b- Stanley works in Tampa, Florida.</p> <p>10- Which statement is NOT TRUE? a- Stanley's family lives with him in Tampa, Florida.</p>	<p>4- I'm _____ living in my new flat. a- looking forward to</p> <p>5- He _____ of the window at the sunset. c- looked out</p> <p>6- How can you _____ such a noise? It's terrible. b- put up with</p> <p>7- I _____ an old book when I was at the bookshop last week. It was a nice surprise. b- came across</p> <p>8- The plane _____ and landed on time last flight. a- took off</p> <p>9- Can you turn the TV _____ ? I'd like to watch my favourite programme. b-on</p> <p>10- Do you _____ with your brother? a- get on well</p> <p>11- He _____ a nice idea for spending the next weekend. We all liked it. b- came up with</p> <p>12. Our neighbours have a big party but I cannot _____ the noise from the music. I have an exam tomorrow. c- put up with</p> <p>13. ----- your shoes at the door. They are very dirty. b- Take off</p>
<p>Grammar</p> <p>1- They _____ here since 2009. a- have lived</p> <p>2- My father's car _____ to the mechanic's. b- has been taken</p>	<p>Everyday English</p> <p>1- A: _____ B: I'm afraid, Mr. Jackson's in a meeting. b- Can I speak to Mr. Jackson, please?</p> <p>2- A: Can I have extension 2173, please?</p>

<p>3- I haven't finished my work _____ a- yet</p> <p>4- Have you _____ been to Paris? c- ever</p> <p>5- When _____ you born? c- were</p> <p>6- My bedroom _____ three times so far. b- has been painted</p> <p>7- I travelled to London two years _____. d- ago</p> <p>8- I _____ an email. c- have just sent</p> <p>9- How many books _____ so far? a- have you written</p> <p>10- He _____ two prizes so far. b- has been given</p>	<p>B: _____ c- The line's busy at the moment.</p> <p>3- A: I'm afraid Mrs. Alice is not in her office at the moment. Would you like to leave a message? B: _____ a- No, don't worry. I'll call later.</p> <p>4- A: Can I speak to Mr. Smith, please? B: _____ b- Speaking.</p> <p>5- A: _____ B: I'm putting you through now. a- Can I have extension 3984?</p>
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Test 16- Unit 8 (Intermediate)

Reading	Vocabulary
<p>1- The Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation is _____ in the world. a- The largest private</p> <p>2- A philanthropist is the person who is _____. c- wealthy and generous</p> <p>3- The two richest men in history are _____. c- Rockefeller and Carnegie</p>	<p>1- A: "This is a good book." B: "It's not only good, but it's also _____ I've read it three times so far, and I still find it very interesting." c- fantastic</p> <p>2- I was _____ when I saw how big the gift was. a- amazed</p>

<p>4- Chuck Feeney started his fortune by _____.</p> <p>b- opening airport shops</p> <p>5- Cao Dewang has given away over _____ million dollars to the China Foundation for Poverty Alleviation.</p> <p>a- 750</p> <p>6- _____ founded the Suleiman Al Rajhi University.</p> <p>d- Sheikh Suleiman Al Rajhi</p> <p>7- Why does Cao Dewang work 16 hours a day? _____.</p> <p>a- To get rid of poverty</p> <p>8- What does the underlined pronoun "<u>He</u>" refer to?</p> <p>d- Chuck Feeney</p> <p>9- Which statement is TRUE?</p> <p>b- Philanthropy has always been important in the Muslim world.</p> <p>10- Which statement is NOT TRUE?</p> <p>c- Sheikh Suleiman Al Rajhi started his life as a Saudi banking billionaire.</p>	<p>3- The baby was _____. She ate 2 more meals than the usual.</p> <p>b- starving</p> <p>4- That food is _____. I'm going to order another meal to take home.</p> <p>d- delicious</p> <p>5- When the child saw the bike he got for his birthday, he was _____.</p> <p>a- thrilled</p> <p>6- I saw a comedy film yesterday. It was _____.</p> <p>b- hilarious</p> <p>7- After studying for 24 hours, I feel really _____.</p> <p>a- exhausted</p> <p>8- The party I attended yesterday was _____. I couldn't stand it, and I left very early.</p> <p>d- horrible</p> <p>9- Sarah was _____ yesterday night. She heard strange sounds coming from that dark room.</p> <p>c- terrified</p> <p>10- The child's mother was _____ with him, when she knew that he broke her most favourite vase.</p> <p>b- furious</p>
<p><u>Grammar</u></p> <p>1- If it rains, I _____ home.</p> <p>b- will stay</p> <p>2- Go home and have some rest if you _____ ill.</p> <p>c- feel</p> <p>3- If I _____ \$5 million, I would buy an island.</p>	<p><u>Everyday English</u></p> <p>1- A: "I need to buy many things for our trip tomorrow." B: _____</p> <p>b- "Let's go shopping!"</p> <p>2- A: "My head is killing me, and my nose is running." B: _____</p> <p>c- "You should go to bed and drink something hot"</p>

<p>c- had</p> <p>4- You have to work hard if you _____ to succeed.</p> <p>a- want</p> <p>5- What _____ you do if you saw a snake?</p> <p>b- would</p> <p>6- If you are late, we _____ wait for you.</p> <p>b- won't</p> <p>7- If you finished your work, you _____ a break</p> <p>b- could take</p> <p>8- If you _____ help, who would you ask?</p> <p>c- needed</p> <p>9- If I _____ my job, I will search for a new one.</p> <p>d- lose</p> <p>10- _____ you open the door for me?</p> <p>b- Would</p> <p>11- If I have time, I _____ you at the weekend.</p> <p>b- 'll see</p> <p>12- If I _____ some money, I'd go on holiday.</p> <p>a-had</p>	<p>3- A: "I feel bored, and there's nothing on TV tonight."</p> <p>B: _____</p> <p>b- "Let's go out and have a pizza."</p> <p>4- A: "I've just got a new job in Japan, and I don't know any Japanese."</p> <p>B: _____</p> <p>b- "Why don't you take a Japanese language course?"</p> <p>5- A: "I need a new car soon, and I don't think I have enough money."</p> <p>B: _____</p> <p>a- "Why don't you get a loan from the bank?"</p> <p>6- A:</p> <p>B: That's a good idea</p> <p>a- Let's have a cup of tea!</p> <p>7- A: If I were you, I'd study harder.</p> <p>B:</p> <p>b- Good idea, but I'm bored.</p>
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Test 17- Unit 9 (Intermediate)

Vocabulary	Grammar
<p>1- You can depend on him. He is very _____</p>	<p>1- Adel drives a Rolls Royce. He _____ rich.</p>

<p>a- reliable</p> <p>2- She always chats to her friend. She is really _____</p> <p>b- talkative</p> <p>3- He wants to get a good job in the future. He is very _____</p> <p>a- ambitious</p> <p>4- My brother is very _____ He has a lot of friends.</p> <p>c- sociable</p> <p>5- Hind is very _____. She often gives presents to her friends.</p> <p>a- generous</p> <p>6- His room is always messy. He is _____</p> <p>c- untidy</p> <p>7- His boss likes him because he is a _____ employee.</p> <p>b- hardworking</p> <p>8- Marwan gets annoyed very easily. He is _____</p> <p>c- impatient</p> <p>9- He is very _____. He doesn't want to do anything. He just wants to sit and do nothing.</p> <p>a- lazy</p> <p>10- Don't be _____! You should meet new people and have friends.</p> <p>b- shy</p>	<p>a- must be</p> <p>2- Huda isn't at home. She _____ shopping. I'm not sure.</p> <p>b- might be</p> <p>3- The streets are wet today. It _____ raining all night yesterday.</p> <p>b- must have been</p> <p>4- Hana forgot her camera. She _____ any photos.</p> <p>b- couldn't have taken</p> <p>5- I can't find my keys. I _____ them at home.</p> <p>b- must have forgotten</p> <p>6- It _____ have been Bill that you met at the library. I am sure. Bill is still in France.</p> <p>b- can't</p> <p>7- You must _____ hard before exams.</p> <p>c- study</p> <p>8- He might have _____ his friend at the party last night.</p> <p>b- met</p> <p>9- We _____ the sea from our room.</p> <p>b- can see</p> <p>10- You _____ ill. You look very tired.</p> <p>c- must be</p> <p>11- She never speaks to anyone. She very shy.</p> <p>c- must be</p> <p>12- They look very young. They a son of twenty.</p> <p>a- can't have</p>
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	<p>13- A:Do you know where Ahmed is? B:He _____at home. I'm not sure. a-might be</p> <hr/> <p>Everyday English:</p> <p>1-A:I'm going to university next year. B: _____ b- so am I</p> <p>2- A:I don't play basketball. B: _____ a-neither do I</p>
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Test 18- Unit 10 (Intermediate)

Vocabulary	Grammar
<p>1- I love chocolate. I really _____ it. b- adore</p> <p>2- I hate eating meat. In fact, I _____ it. c- loathe</p> <p>3- Faisal is _____ about football. He likes watching football matches a lot. b- crazy</p> <p>4- I don't like Mr. Jack. I even _____ talking to him. c- can't bear</p> <p>5- They are very _____ of their children. They give them what they need. a- fond</p>	<p>1- He _____ here for ten years. He _____ a lot of people. b- has been living / knows</p> <p>2- I _____ doing my homework. b- have just finished</p> <p>3- He was born _____ 2002. b- in</p> <p>4- Maha met her friend _____ evening. c- yesterday</p> <p>5- They slept _____ the flight. c- during</p> <p>6- He _____ his friend for ten years. b - has known</p> <p>7- He ate in a restaurant two days _____. a- ago</p>

6- He's _____ on playing chess. He likes it very much.

b- keen

7- I'm not _____ on watching TV programmes.

a- that keen

8- We don't _____ drinking green tea. We quite like it.

c- mind

9- She is very _____ of visiting museums.

a- fond

10- Maha is _____ about reading fashion magazines.

She likes reading them a lot.

b- crazy

8- They have been working in this factory _____ 1999.

a- since

9- She has been walking _____ half an hour.

b- for

10- I've been playing football since I _____ eight.

b- was

11- Someone _____ my chocolate. There's only half of it left.

d- ate

12- I've got a terrible headache. The neighbours _____ loud music all day.

c- have been playing

13- What _____? Your clothing are covered in flour!

a- have you been doing

14- We _____ for hours.

a- have been driving

15- The children _____ Computer games all morning and they are driving me mad!

a-have been playing

Everyday English:

1- A: I've passed my English test.

B: _____.

B-Congratulations.

2-A: Are you coming with me to the party?

B: _____.

c-Definitely!

Test 19- Unit 12 (Intermediate)

Vocabulary:

1- You can _____ to your friends on the Internet.

b- chat

2- The man was _____ of stealing the woman's handbag.

c- accused

3- He always _____ with his younger brother. He doesn't get on well with him.

b- quarrels

4- When we arrived at the restaurant, we _____ pizza and French fries.

d- ordered

5- He _____ his son not to be rude with people.

a- advised

6- I don't like people _____ about me.

b- gossiping

7- She _____ when she saw the mad dog in the street.

c- screamed

8- I _____ that you buy a new computer.

a- recommend

9- When you _____ something, you say it very quietly.

b- whisper

10- Jack _____ that he broke the window, but I'm sure he did.

a- denied

Everyday English:

1- A: _____

B: Well done. Better late than never.

b- I forgot her birthday, so I sent her a text.

2- A: _____

B: Well I never! You learn something new every day.

c- Did you know 25% of the world speaks English?

3- A: I wonder if he'll be happy in his job.

B: _____

a- Only time will tell.

4- A: I'm going to pack some anti-malaria tablets.

B: _____

c- Good idea. Better safe than sorry.

5- A: _____

B: You did your best. You can't do any more.

c- I worked so hard for that exam, but I still got a bad mark.

Vocabulary List



New Headway Plus Special Edition

Academic Year 2013-14

Pre-intermediate Book

Unit 3

[Word Formation]

explanation	/	explain
invitation	/	invite
translation	/	translate
decision	/	decide
enjoyment	/	enjoy
employment	/	employ
improvement	/	improve
discussion	/	discuss
organization	/	organize
imagination	/	imagine
advertisement	/	advertise
improvement	/	improve

friend	/	friendly
fame	/	famous
laziness	/	lazy
patience	/	patient
happiness	/	happy
care	/	careful
difference	/	different
help	/	helpful
beauty	/	beautiful
guilt	/	guilty
importance	/	important
danger	/	dangerous

[Negative Prefixes]

(un)packed (v)
(im)possible (adj)
(dis)agree (v)
(un)tidy (adj)
(un)fair (adj)
(dis)like (v)
(dis)appeared (v)
(un)employed (adj)
(il)legal (adj)
(im)polite (adj)

Unit 4

aftershave (n)
deodorant (n)
hairbrush (n)
towel (n)
soap (n)
perfume (n)
shaving foam (n)
shampoo (n)
toothbrush (n)
toothpaste (n)
pharmacy (n)
newsagent's (n)
sweater (n)
medium (adj)
changing room (n)
edition (n)
(middle) shelf (n)
doughnut (n)
a dozen (eggs)
a loaf of (bread)
a pound of (cheese)
assistant (n)
attractive (adj)
bargain (n, v)
brand (n)
cashier (n)
count (money) (v)
customer (n)
fantastic (adj)
sale (n)
locally (adv)
need (v)
pick (= choose) (v)
product (n)
shopkeeper (n)
shopping list (n)



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Unit 5

have

an accident
a meeting/picnic/meal
classes
the opportunity
a cold/headache
a good time

go

abroad
out for a meal
wrong
out
skiing

come

first/second/last
and see me
true
round
home

tough (adj)
rights (n)
literacy (n)
persuade (v)
ambition (n)
hope (n, v)
involved in (adj)
miserable (adj)
opportunity (n)
passion (n)
terrible (adj)

Unit 6

[Synonyms]

fed up (adj)	bored
generous (adj)	so kind (with money)
brilliant (adj)	exciting (game)
messy (adj)	untidy
modern (adj)	new
lovely (adj)	beautiful

[Antonyms]

awful (adj)	nice
interested	bored/fed up
horrible (adj)	wonderful/brilliant
mean (adj)	kind/generous
old (adj)	new/modern
poor (adj)	rich/wealthy
tidy (adj)	untidy/messy

cosmopolitan (adj)
luxurious (adj)
eventually (adv)
foreign (adj)

**Unit 7**

slowly (adv)
carefully (adv)
usually (adv)
together (adv)
hard (adv)
still (adv)
nearly (adv)
only (adv)
just (adv)
of course (adv)
at last (adv)
exactly (adv)
too (adv)
especially (adv)
wonderful (adj)
crazy (adj)
career (n)
celebrity (n)
prefer (v)

Unit 8

get	a job
go to	university
discuss	problems
go on	a diet
lose	weight
do	exercise
have	a conversation
take	your time
make	a decision

(Unit 8 cont.)

arrangement (n)
colleague (n)
available
overweight (n)
to switch off (from) (expression)
to go downhill (expression)
likely (adv)
slave (n)
well-off (adj)
to take your time (expression)

alarm clock (n)
car park (n)
traffic lights (n)
credit card (n)
ice-cream (n)
sunglasses (n)
timetable (n)
raincoat (n)
sunset (n)
earring (n)
signpost (n)
bookcase (n)
rush hour (n)
text message (n)
earthquake (n)

temperature (n)
have an infection (n)
make an appointment (n)
prescription (n)
have a cold (n)
have the flu
have a stomach ache
have a sore throat
diarrhoea
food poisoning

**Unit 9**

economy (n)	economic (adj)
industrial (adj)	industry (n)
produce (v) (n)	product (n)
grow (v)	growth (n)
capitalism (n)	capitalist (adj)
pollution (n)	polluted (adj)
success (n)	successful (adj)

take

someone's place
 (30 minutes/1 hour) to get (home / to work)
 a photo
 two tablets a day
 somebody out for a meal
 care

get

smaller/bigger/better
 ready
 back home
 angry
 on well with someone
 a cold

do

research
 homework
 some shopping
 me a favour

make

mistakes
 sure
 friends
 up your mind
 a reservation
 a complaint

Unit 10**[adjectives -ed / -ing]**

frightening	frightened
exciting	excited
surprising	surprised
terrifying	terrified
boring	bored
exhausting	exhausted
confusing	confused
disappointing	disappointed
worried	worrying
interesting	interested

adventure (n)
 concentrate (v)
 fall down (phrasal verb)
 go climbing (v)
 handrail (n)
 narrow (adj)
 scared (adj)
 steep (adj)
 survive (v)
 thrill (n)
 wide (adj)

Unit 11

discover a cure
 the truth
 gold
 DNA

tell a story
 a joke
 a lie
 the truth

lose weight
 the game
 the way
 money

**Unit 11 (cont.)**

keep the peace
 a diary
 a secret
 a promise

make a phone call
 1,000
 a discovery
 cars

give advice
 a present
 a lift
 information

carry an umbrella
 a gun
 passengers
 a briefcase

miss the family
 the ball
 the bus
 school

weblinks (n)
structure (n)
company (n)
disease (n)
result (n)
search engine (n)
cell (n)

contain (v)
borrow (v)
commit (a crime) (v)
dream (v)
be related to (v)
experiment (n, v)
invent (v)

Unit 12

ash (n)
blocked (v)
carry on (v)
contaminated (adj)
crops (n)
erupt (v)
evidence (n)
huge (adj)
shoot up (v)

[Phrasal verbs]

(my car) broke down
fall out with (someone)
fall over
fill in (a form)
get on with (someone)
get (something) out (of somewhere)
go away (and leave me alone)
go back (somewhere)
grow up
lie down
look after (something)
look for (something)
look forward to (something)
Look out!
look up (a word)
run out of (something)
pick (something) up
put on (something warm)
sit down take off (your coat)
take (someone) out (for the day)
throw (something) away
try (something) on
turn (something) off
turn round
walk out



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Intermediate Book

Unit 3

award (n, v)
 based on (pp)
 childhood (n)
 compare (v)
 contrast (v)
 disaster (n)
 educate (v)
 encourage (v)
 environmental (adj)
 fascinated (adj)
 handout (n)
 hang out (= relax) (v)
 homesick (adj)
 honour (n, v)
 novel (n)
 only (child) (adj)
 outdoor (adj)
 relevant (adj)
 report (n)
 spoil (v)
 strict (adj)

Unit 4

behave (v)
 bill (n)
 bow (greeting) (n, v)
 casually (adv)
 colleague (n)
 complain (v)
 dish (n)
 engaged (adj)
 extension (phone) (n)
 fasten (v)
 gift (n)
 global (adj)
 guest (n)
 guidebook (n)
 host / hostess (n)
 local (adj)
 manners (= behaviour) (n)
 modest (adj)
 responsibility (n)
 rule (n)
 socialize (v)
 status (n)
 stranger (n)
 stuffy (a room) (adj)
 tip (=suggestion) (n)
 valuable (adj)

**Unit 5**

chilly (adj)
 clear (adj)
 cloud (n) / cloudy (adj)
 fog (n) / foggy (adj)
 ice (n) / icy (adj)
 lightning (n)
 rain (n) / rainy (adj) / rain (v)
 snow (n) / snowy (adj) / snow (v)
 stormy (adj)
 (thunder)storm (n)
 sunshine (n)/ sunny (adj)/
 shine (v)
 wind (n) / windy (adj) /
 blow (v)

climate (n)
 degree (n)
 forecast (n)
 heavy (adj)
 temperature (n)
 weather (n)
 item (n)
 land (a plane) (v)
 luggage (n)
 qualification (n)
 rare (adj)
 reach (v)
 recommend (v)
 spice (n)
 tip (money) (n, v)
 view (n)

Unit 6**[Adj. to describe Food]**

junk
 delicious
 disgusting
 expensive
 fresh
 frozen
 home-grown
 plain
 rich
 tasteless
 tasty

[Adj. to describe Cities]

ancient
 busy
 capital
 cosmopolitan
 crowded
 exciting
 historic
 industrial
 modern
 polluted

[Adj. to describe People]

boring / bored
 elderly
 outgoing
 rude
 shy
 sociable
 sophisticated
 starving
 tall
 young
 vegetarian

agricultural (adj)
 antique (adj)
 consumer (n)
 deliver (v)
 forever (adv)
 gradually (adv)
 have in common
 mix (v)
 outside (adv, prep)
 popularity (n)
 promise (v)
 reputation (n)
 succeed (v)
 topping (n)
 universal (adj)

**Unit 7****[Phrasal Verbs]**

come across
come up with
cut off
cut off from
end up
fall out with
get on (well) with
give up
go out
hand down
look for
look forward to
look out
look up
pick up
put up
put up with
run out of
take away
take off
take up
turn on

apply (v) / application (n)
average (adj)
career (n)
damage (n)
flood (n)
headline (n)
hit (v)
homeless (adj)
hurricane (n)
interview (n, v)
resign (v)
retire (v) / retirement (n)
skill (n)
training (n)

Unit 8

generous (adj)
ambitious (adj)
wealthy (adj)
to fund (v)
to donate (v)
to found (v)
to improve (v)

charity (n)
crisis (n)
drop out (phrasal verb)
duty (n)
fortune (n) / fortunate (adj)
organization (n)
philanthropy (n) / philanthropist (n)
poverty (n)
rescue (n,v)
survive (v)

Base Adj

big
important
tired
frightened
good
tasty
bad
hungry
angry
dirty
surprised
happy
funny

Strong Adjective

enormous
essential
exhausted
terrified
great, wonderful, fantastic, superb
delicious
horrible, awful, terrible, disgusting
starving
furious
filthy
astonished, amazed
thrilled, delighted
hilarious

**Unit 9****Character adjectives**

reliable
 optimistic
 sociable
 talkative
 reserved
 shy
 impatient
 lazy
 moody
 hardworking
 easygoing
 untidy
 cheerful
 sensitive

Unit 10

absolutely adore
 crazy about
 (very) fond of
 keen on

quite like
 don't mind

not that keen on
 can't stand
 can't bear
 loathe

accustomed to (adj)
 attempt (n, v)
 passion (n)
 qualify (v)
 resources (n)
 violent (adj)
 worldwide (adv)

Unit 12**Ways of speaking**

good idea
 advise
 suggest
 recommend

social

chat
 talk
 gossip

disagreeing

row
 quarrel
 argue

in a court of law

accuse
 deny
 admit

volume

whisper
 scream
 shout

expressing dislike

criticize
 protest
 complain

giving commands

order
 demand
 tell

agree
 discuss
 persuade
 promise